THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

VOL. 47. FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 21, 1831. NO. 10.

PUBLISHED BY
NEVILLE B. CRAIG,
NEAR THE S. W. CORNER OF THE DIAMOND.

TERMS.

The Gazette is published semi-weekly, (on Tuesday and Friday,) at FOUR dollars per annum, payable half yearly in advance.

The Gazette is also published weekly, (on Friday,) at Two dollars per annum in advance, – or THREE dollars at the end of the year.

CIRCULAR.

Pittsburgh, January 29, 1831.

WE beg leave to inform our friends and the public generally, that we have formed a Copartnership, for the purpose of transacting a *General Commission Business* in this place, under the firm of DOBBIN & IRWIN, and that we have taken that spacious Warehouse, on the corner of Second and Ferry streets, lately occupied by Messrs. R. Lindell & Co., where we are prepared to attend to such business as our friends may favor us with.

Mr. Leonard Dobbin will supply the place of his brother, in attending to the business of the house; and with his personal attention, united to a determination of pursuing a well regulated system of attention and punctuality, we hope to prove ourselves worthy the confidence of our friends and correspondents, whose interests it will be our study to promote, adhering strictly to their instructions.

H. R. DOBBIN,
JAMES S. IRWIN.

February 18, 1831---tf

WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCERY!

JAMES BROWN, having taken into partnership his nephew, JAMES W. BROWN, respectfully informs his friends and the public that he has removed to his new warehouse, No. 140 Liberty street, where the business will be conducted under the firm of JAMES W. BROWN & CO., who are now receiving an extensive assortment of GROCERIES and LIQUORS, comprising the following, viz:

Rio, Porto Rico, Laguira, St. Dom. & Java Coffee;
Young Hyson, Gunpowder, and Imperial Teas;
Single and Double Refined Loaf Sugar;
Bengal and Caracas Indigo;
James river Tobacco, and best Spanish Segars;
Madder, Ginger, Alum, Rice, &c.;
Pepper, Alspice, Cloves, &c.;
Best Bloom, Bunch, Muscatel and Keg Raisins;
Mackeral, Herring, and No. 1 Trimmed Shad;
New Orleans Sugar, by the hhd. and bbl.;
5 tons Campeachy Logwood;
Superior Hourglass Holland Gin;
Cogniac and Common Brandy;
Madeira, Ten'ffe, Port, Malaga, & Sherry Wines;
Jamaica Spirits, and N. E. Rum;
Whiskey, Flour, Bacon, &c. &c.;
500 bbls. Nos. 1, 2 and 3 Salt;

All of which will be sold low, wholesale or retail, for cash or approved paper.

Country merchants and others will please favor us with a call, previous to purchasing, as they might find it to their advantage.

JAMES W. BROWN & CO.

☞The highest price given, in Cash or Groceries, for Rags, Bacon, Beeswax, Flour, Whiskey, Cheese, &c. &c.

☞The Ravenna Courier, Beaver Argus, Butler Repository, Canton Repository, Steubenville Herald, will insert the above six times, and charge this office.

June 24---tf

50 BARRELS No. 1 Mackerel,
75 do. No. 2 do.
25 do. No. 3 do.
100 Barrels New Orleans Molasses.
25 Hogsheads New Orleans Sugar.
2 Barrels Cocoa Nuts.

Received per late arrivals, and for sale by
RIDDLE, FORSYTH & CO.

May 10, 1831.—tf

FOR THE CURE OF THE TOOTH-ACHE.—The subscribers, having united in the purchase of all Dr. Thomas White's right, (as expressed in his Letters Patent, obtained of the United States, on the 29th July, 1829,) to make and sell the said White's Celebrated Tooth-Ache Drops, in the county of Allegheny, are prepared to supply the city and county with any quantity of said Drops, and warrant them *genuine*.—Sold at Retail, by E. HALE, Surgeon Dentist, at his office, No 70 Fourth street: Wholesale, by JOHN HANNEN & Co., corner of Market and Liberty streets, Pittsburgh.

E. HALE, Dentist,
J. HANNEN, Druggist.

☞The subscriber, in his practice as a Dentist, having successfully and to a considerable extent used "Doctor T. White's Vegetable Tooth Ache Drops," can recommend them, when *genuine*, as superior to any other remedy now in use. If obtained of the subscriber, a *cure* is *guarantied*.

A certificate of the Patentee may be seen at the office of the subscriber, No. 70 Fourth street, near Wood: where all Dental operations will be performed to the satisfaction of the patient, or no charges required

E. HALE, Surgeon Dentist.

April 15—tf

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the estate of James Sample, Esq. late of Ross township, deceased, are hereby requested to make payment to the subscribers; and all creditors are requested to present their claims to the said subscribers.

FOR SALE.

A Tract of land, situated on the Allegheny river and Pennsylvania canal, three miles above Pittsburgh, containing two hundred acres, one hundred of which are cleared and in good order, on which are a good barn and a good orchard.

The Docket of the deceased is placed in the hands of Thomas Sample, Esq. of Allegheny.

THOMAS SAMPLE, } Executors.
WILLIAM SAMPLE, }

February 25, 1831.—tf.

CHEAP QUEENSWARE.

WETMORE & HAVENS, No. 112 Second street, near Wood street, Pittsburgh, are now receiving their spring supplies of QUEENSWARE AND CHINA, being the manufacture of the first houses in Staffordshire, England.

All ware sold by them is re-packed by careful and experienced hands. Purchasers are consequently not subjected to the risk of getting inferior, crazed and broken ware, which is too generally the case with goods assorted in England, and sent out to be sold in our markets by the original package.

Their personal attention will, as heretofore, be given for the selection and packing of all ware bought of them. Liberal discounts for Cash.

Feb. 25—tf

RECEIVED per late arrivals, and for sale on accommodating terms, by DOBBIN & IRWIN, Corner of Ferry and Second Streets,

50 hhds. New Orleans Sugar;
50 crates Queensware;
40 barrels Rosin;
3 tons Logwood;
10 barrels Tanners' Oil;
100 bags Turks Island Salt;
10 boxes best Kentucky Tobacco;
5 barrels Salmon, No. 1.

Pittsburgh, Sept 9--tf

TO MANUFACTURERS, &c.

THE subscribers respectfully inform their friends, and the public generally, that they have their Machine Shop in complete operation; and having experienced workmen, they are prepared to build

WOOLLEN AND COTTON MACHINERY,

of every description, and of the most approved kind. They will build Woollen or Cotton Machinery to any pattern, to suit purchasers, and will warrant it to be equal in workmanship, and to perform as well as any that can be brought over the mountains, (New Jersey not excepted;) and they will furnish it at the eastern prices, which will be a saving to the purchaser who buys here, of the carriage, together with the necessary expenses attending transportation.

With a view to encourage our home manufactures, and to be encouraged, the terms of payment will be made accommodating.—Shearing Machines, Shear Blades, Turning Lathes, Fire Engines, Screw Plates and Taps, Governors for Engines, and Turning of every description, will be done to order at a short notice.

F. A. BEMIS & Co.
No. 24, Water Street, Pittsburgh.

Feb. 5, 1830—tf.

LEADEN PIPE.

I HAVE commenced the manufacture of LEADEN PIPE, and will furnish and lay the same, at the most reasonable rate. Any quantity required, warranted to be of the best quality, will be furnished at the shortest notice. JOHN SHERIFF.

Nov. 28, 1828.—tf.

TO LET,

A DWELLING HOUSE with or without the Store room in front. And also, a large Store or Warehouse on St. Clair street.

JOS. PATTERSON.

Feb. 5th. 1830.—tf.

DE LA MONTERAT'S

Columbian Vegetable Specific,

FOR *the cure of Consumptions, Asthma, Pleurisy, Spitting of Blood, and Pulmonary affections of every kind. The most valuable remedy ever discovered for the cure of Consumption and all diseases of the breast and lungs leading to Consumptions.*

DOCTOR RUSH'S

Anti-Dyspeptic or Sour Stomach PILLS,

An invaluable remedy for indigestion in its most complicated forms.

☞Sold by THOMPSON & MILLER, at their Drug Warehouse, No. 81 Wood street, Pittsburgh; and also by CHAS. AVERY & CO., corner of Wood and Second streets. March 4—1y

WHOLESALE

DRY GOODS STORE,

Corner of Wood and Third streets, opposite Griffith's Hotel, and in the house lately occupied by W. Bell & Co.

I HAVE opened a general assortment of DRY GOODS at the above stand, which will be sold at fair market prices, by the piece or package only. My friends and dealers are invited to call.

C. CURTIS.

April 15—tf

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS, having disposed of their interest in the house of Riddle, Forsyth & Co. retired from the concern on the 7th instant. The transactions of the house are continued as heretofore under the firm of

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & CO.

Mr. Jacob Forsyth, late of Louisville, and Mr. Robert M. Riddle, of this city, succeed us in the active management of the concern, and will devote their whole attention to its business. We have entire confidence in the ability and disposition of our successors to promote the interest of their correspondents, and would therefore recommend them as deserving the continued support and favor of our friends.

JOHN S. RIDDLE,
JOHN D. BAIRD.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 18, 1831.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—*John S. Riddle*, (late of the house of Riddle, Forsyth & Co. Pittsburgh,) has formed a connexion with *Washington Jackson*, of Philadelphia. The house will be conducted under the firm of

Washington Jackson & Riddle,
No. 20, South Front street,
PHILADELPHIA.

They will make purchases and effect sales for foreign accounts, and will be pleased to receive consignments of the staples and produce of the west, making liberal advances on all goods addressed to them for sale. January 18--tf

☞*PLOWMAN'S PRINTING INK*

PLOWMAN'S Superior PRINTING INK, for fall use, in kegs containing 24 lbs., for sale by HOGAN & Co., Corner of Front and Market streets. Pittsburgh, Sept. 10.--tf.

JAMES HANSON, SADDLER,

RESPECTFULLY informs his old customers and the public generally, that he has recommenced the SADDLING BUSINESS, at *No. 51 Liberty street*, where he will keep a constant supply of SADDLES, BRIDLES, AND HARNESS, of every description, which shall be made of the best materials, and in the most approved and substantial manner: all of which will be sold, *Wholesale and Retail*, on the most accommodating terms. Having had long experience in business, he hopes, by promptness, punctuality, and strict attention to the orders of his customers, to merit and receive a renewal of the favors of his friends and the patronage of the public.

N. B.—*Wanted Immediately*, Five or Six good hands, to work at Saddle and Harness Making.

JAMES HANSON.

Aug 26--tf

WATERS' improved Cast and Shear Steel Corn and Grass SCYTHES; Shear and Cast Steel Axes; Improved Steel Spades and Shovels; Hoes, Hatchets---constantly on hand and for sale by RIDDLE, FORSYTH & Co.

March 11.—tf

TILT HAMMERED SPADES & SHOVELS.

BARTRAM'S Hammered Spades and Shovels, warranted of a superior quality. Also, Bartram's Prime Axes, Mattocks, Canal Picks, Hoes, Trace Chains, Log Chains, &c. For sale by S. P. DARLINGTON & Co.
Corner of Fourth and Wood streets.

March 22, 1831.--tf

REMOVAL.

DOCTOR E. C. S. SUGG,

SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR,
(From London, and recently of Baltimore,)

HAS Removed from his residence in Irwin street, to No. 57 Liberty street, corner of Virgin alley, *(the house lately occupied by Doctor J. S. Irwin,)* where he continues the practice of his profession, in all its various branches. Dr. S. will keep for sale a choice assortment of DRUGS, MEDICINES, DYE-STUFFS, PAINTS, &c. Also, Family Medicines of his own compounding and selection. April 22--tf

CITY AUCTION ROOM,

NO. 41 WOOD STREET.

Opposite the Pittsburgh Hotel.

P. M'KENNA, *Auctioneer*, respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he is now prepared, at the above establishment, to discharge the duties of his office, and hopes, by strict attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage. ☞Regular days of Public Sales, every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 10, A. M. and 2, P. M.; and Evening Sales on TUESDAY and FRIDAY of each week.

Pittsburgh, November 5, 1830-tf.

PORCELAIN TEETH.

DR. E. MERRITT—DENTIST,
Fourth Street, between Wood and Market,
PITTSBURGH.

March 4, 1831.—tf

ROSS WILKINS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

HAS Removed his Office to Liberty Street between Third and Fourth. Ap. 1.

DAVY'S CONSOLATIONS.

JUST published, and for sale, by Hogan & Co. Corner of Front and Market streets, CONSOLATIONS IN TRAVEL; or the Last Day's of a Philosopher; by Sir *Humphrey Davy*, Bart. late President of the Royal Society. With a sketch of the Author's Life, and Notes, by Jacob Green, M. D. Professor of Chemistry in Jefferson Medical College. Sept. 21.—tf.

Kensington Rolling Mill.

S. & R. LEONARD have associated with them A. M'N. SEMPLE. The business in future will be conducted under the firm of LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD; at the above place, on the Monongahela River, above Suke's Run.

The agency of W. H. Hays is discontinued.

LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD intend making and constantly keeping on hand the following kinds of IRON, of the neatest and best quality, which they offer on accommodating terms:

1d. 2d. 3d. 4d. 5d. 6d. 8d. and 10d- Hoop,
Round and Square, from 1-4 in. to 3, in.
Nail, Chain, Deck, and Spike Rods,
Tire and Flat Iron,---all sizes.

Pittsburgh, May 21, 1829--tf.

THOMAS ANDERSON & CO.
Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Refer to M'KEE, CLARKE & Co. }
JAS. ADAMS, Jr. & Co. } Pittsburgh.
HAMILTON STEWART, }

STORAGE & FORWARDING.—Thomas Anderson & Co. have extensive warehouses, and are prepared to Receive and Forward Merchandise, in any direction required

May 14, 1830.--tf.

NOTICE.

CHRIS'R MAGEE having taken his nephew, C. L. MAGEE, into partnership, the public are respectfully informed that the business heretofore conducted by him will be continued under the firm of C. & C. L. MAGEE, at the old stand, No. 40 Market street, between Second and Third streets, where they will keep a constant supply of HATS, of the first rate workmanship, and of the newest fashion, which they will dispose of on the most reasonable terms.

CHRIS'R MAGEE,
C. L. MAGEE.

Pittsburgh, May 10, 1831--tf

JOB PRINTING

EXECUTED, with neatness and despatch, at the Office of the PITTSBURGH GAZETTE. April 26

TO IRON FOUNDERS.

TO BE LET, The Iron Foundry, situated on Water street near Grant, lately occupied by Sours & Kingsland. On the premises are a Double Stack and Furnace, Core Oven, Crane, &c. in good order. Apply to

BAKEWELL, PAGE & BAKEWELLS.

☞N. B.—Immediate possession can be given.

February 18--tf

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the Charter of the Pittsburgh Manufacturing Association being about to expire, it is intended to close its affairs as soon as possible. All persons indebted to the Institution are required to make immediate payment to George Cochran of Rd. Agent of the Association, and all persons having claims against it, are requested to present the same for settlement.

B. BAKEWELL,
THOMAS HAZLETON,
WM. PORTER,
THOMAS FAIRMAN,
JOHN SPEAR,
Com'tee for closing the Affairs of the Association.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 9, 1830.—tf.

FOR SALE,

300 REAMS of good Straw Wrapping Paper. GEO. A. COOK,
Sept 20 No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh

Bakewell, Page, & Bakewells,

FLINT GLASS MANUFACTURERS,
Have for sale, an assortment of
Astral or Sinumbral LAMPS,
ON PEDESTALS AND FOR SUSPENSION.
ALSO,
Tuscan, Vase, Mantel & Chamber Lamps,

WHICH, in addition to their usual stock of *PLAIN AND CUT FLINT GLASS*, Patent Moulded, Plain and Cut *Bureau Mountings, &c. &c.* will be disposed of on the lowest terms. Pittsburgh, Nov. 23—tf.

PRICES CURRENT.

JAS. W. BROWN & CO.

WHOLESALE PAPER WAREHOUSE,
No. 140 Liberty street.

LETTER PAPER,	per ream,		$3 00	to	$3 25
do	do	do	2 50	to	2 75
CAP	do	do	3 00	to	3 25
do	do	do	2 50	to	2 75
do	do	do	2 00	to	2 25
PRINTING do,	Imperial,		4 00	to	5 50
do	Superroyal,		3 50	to	5 25
do	Medium,		2 50	to	3 25
do	Demy,		2 00	to	2 25
WRAPPING,	Imperial,		1 87	to	2 25
do	Medium,		1 62	to	1 75
do	Crown,		75	to	1 00
TEA PAPER,	Medium,		1 87	to	2 37
PASTEBOARDS,			4 50	to	5 00

FULLERS' PRESSBOARDS, lb. 20 to 22 cts.

☞A liberal discount to wholesale purchasers.

June 24, 1831---tf

DOBBIN & IRWIN have in store and offer for sale on accommodating terms:

250 bags Havanna COFFEE,
30 hhds. N. O. SUGAR,
5 boxes Havanna SUGAR,
10 bbls. ALMONDS,
200 do. MACKAREL, numbers 2 and 3,
20 half bbls. do. Nos. 1 and 2.
18 bbls. Mess SHAD,
15 do. TAR,
35 hhds. TOBACCO,
60 bales Tennessee COTTON,
2000 lbs. LOGWOOD.

Pittsburgh, July 10.—tf.

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the estate of JULIEN DROCOURT, late of the city of Pittsburgh, deceased, are requested to make payment to the subscribers, and persons having claims on the estate, will present them to us for settlement.

THOMAS PLUMER, *Executor,*
HENRIETTA DROCOURT, *Executrix.*

July 26, 1831.—tf

Caps! Caps!!

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

S. J. SYLVESTER respectfully informs the merchants and inhabitants of Pittsburgh, that he has opened a store in the Exchange buildings, St. Clair street, where he intends keeping a large and complete assortment of CAPS, suitable for each season. The business will be superintended by N. SYLVESTER, who has given his attention to the manufacturing of the article for several years, and will endeavor, by assiduity and industry, to satisfy those who may favor him with their custom.

☞*Country Storekeepers* are hereby notified, that Fur Skins will be bought or taken in barter for Caps, or the highest price will be paid in cash for Otter, Wild Cat, Rackoon, or Muskrat, next door to the Exchange, Pittsburgh.

S. J. S. is aware that it is yet too early for the sale of winter Caps: he however gives this notice, that those who are in the practice of purchasing in the eastern cities may be aware that the article *will be* kept in every variety—a considerable quantity are daily expected. Aug. 2

NEW GOODS,

83 Market, between Fifth Street and the Diamond.

S. P. CHURCH & CO. have *just* received a large and complete assortment of DRY GOODS. Among them are 20,000 yds. brown and bleached Sheetings and Shirtings; 5000 yds. do. *wet in transportation, and for sale at reduced prices.* 4 cases Broad Cloths and Satinetts: 1500 yds. brown Osnaburg; Green Floor Cloth; Baize; Diapers; Table Cloths; Napkins; Table Covers; Jaconet, Mull, Book, Swiss and Cambric Muslins; Crown Linings; Willows; with a great variety of Fancy Articles for milliners; Brown Grass Cloth for Bonnets; Gloves, Mitts, Hosiery, &c.—Extracted Cambric Ginghams of the *latest style*, with an elegant assortment of SILK GOODS. *All of which are offered* WHOLESALE AND RETAIL *at a small advance for cash or approved credit.* August 5—3m.

TO THE PUBLIC.—We, the undersigned, Painters and Glaziers of the city of Pittsburgh, do certify, that the WHITE LEAD now manufactured by H. Brunot, and branded '*Pittsburgh White Lead*—H. BRUNOT,' is as good as any made in or about Pittsburgh, and we give it a preference.

Alex. Ingram,	Archibald Shaw,
Joseph Jenkinson,	David Glenn,
Robert Menha,	Isaac Rhoads,
E. G. Nelson,	F. S. Byrne,
John Phillips,	A. Westervelt,
Andrew Beggs,	Nath. Whiston,
George Dobbs,	John W. Kane,
James Stuart,	John Hern.

☞Orders addressed to H. Brunot & Co. Pittsburgh, will be attended to. Aug. 2—6m.

JOHN ALEXANDER

Has Removed his Wholesale and Retail
CHEAP CASH STORE,
To his old, well known stand, 65 Market street,

ON which has been erected that splendid and extensive building with the IRON FRONT, where he is now opening, and will keep constantly on hand, a large stock of Staple, and the most splendid stock of Fancy DRY GOODS, ever offered in this city; which will be sold, wholesale or retail, at a small advance for cash.

Also, A large stock of MAHOGANY, at reduced prices. J. A.

August 2, 1831--tf

A. H. HOGE

HAS lately received a good assortment of Britannia Tea Setts; Astral, Suspending, Reflecting, and Chamber Lamps; Shovels, Tongs, and Pokers; Ivory handled Knives and Forks; Table Castors; Brass Stair Rods; Brass and Bell Metal Kettles; Percussion Caps; Locks, Latches, Window Frame Pullies, Hinges, and Shutter Fasteners; Cam's Tools; Eastern made Bench and Moulding Planes; Cast Steel Hand, Pannel, Ripping and Back Saws; Plated and Tinned Saddlery; &c. &c. which are offered at low prices, at No. 132 Liberty street, opposite Market street.

October 4—2mo.

FOR SALE,

ON accommodating terms, a STEAM COTTON FACTORY, situated in Bardstown, Ky. distant thirty-seven miles from Louisville.—The building is of brick, finished in the best manner; the machinery is of good quality, and in good order, having been in operation but eighteen months. Connected with the Cotton Machinery, are double setts of WOOL CARDS, capable o carding near *Two Hundred pounds per day.* The purchaser will meet with A BARGAIN. An inventory of the whole machinery can be seen on application to

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & Co.

October 7—1mo.

ACETATE OF MORPHIA, Morphia, Sulphate of Morphia, Opium, Denarcotized Opium, Supaline, *English*, Calomel, Antimonial Powder, Carbonate of Ammonia, Tartar Emetic, Blue Pill Mass, &c., just received at the corner of Sixth and Wood streets, Pittsburgh.

Oct 4—w3 B. A. FAHNESTOCK.

97 KITTS MACKERELL.—*ALSO*, on consignment, from eastern manufactories, Ashton and Delaware TICKINGS; CALICOES. For sale by MOSES ATWOOD, Corner of Front and Wood streets.

October 7—6t

GOOD American made BLACK CAPS, at nine dollars per dozen, at S. J. SYLVESTER'S, No. 16 Exchange buildings, Pittsburgh. Also for sale, Books, Prints, Segars, and Playing Cards. Oct 7

THE 21st class Union Canal Lottery will be drawn October 22d. Capitals, $20,000 $10,000. Tickets Five dollars. For prizes apply to the most fortunate of venders,

S. J. SYLVESTER,
16 Exchange buildings.

Orders from abroad, enclosing five dollars and upwards, need not be *post-paid*.

Sylvester sold the $10,000 dollar prize, whole ticket, in the 19th class Union Canal Lottery.

Oct. 11.

BANK NOTE EXCHANGE.

Chambersburgh Bk.	1	N. Y. State Bks.	2
Poultney's Bk. Md.	1	New England	2
Cohen's	1	Ohio bills gen. under $5	2
Virginia paper	1	Pottsville	2
Camden	1	Wilksbarre	2
New Jersey, gen.	1	Salisbury, Md.	2
New York city, gen.	1	Scioto	3
Delaware	½ to 1	Dayton Man. Co.	3
Maryland, gen.	½ to 1	Urbana Bk.	3
Natchez	5	Michigan	3
Louisiana	5	South Carolina	3
Yeatman, Woods & Comp., payable at Nashville	5	Georgia and N. C.	4
		Canada	4
Canton	2	Susquehannah	5

Wanted: Sovereigns, Guineas, Napoleons, Doubloons, Eagles, Louisd'ors, Ducats, Johannes, and every description of Gold.

GEORGE A. COOK,
Lottery and Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood str't.

October 11

PERCUSSION GUNS.—The subscribers have just received from Liverpool, (Engl'd) one case superior twisted and plain SINGLE and DOUBLE BARREL GUNS, to which they invite the attention of those wishing to purchase a superior article of this kind.

SAM'L FAHNESTOCK & CO.,
Oct 4—2mo Corner of Wood and Fifth st's

WANTED, At N. Holmes' Exchange Office,

NO. 33 MARKET STREET,

OLD Bank of Steubenville and Westmoreland Bank Notes, at 25 per cent. discount. Also, $1000 in Notes of the Bank of Upper Canada, at York, from 3 to 4 per cent. discount.—New York, Connecticut, Rhode Island, Massachusetts and Vermont Bank Notes wanted at the lowest rates of exchange. The highest premium given for English Sovereigns, Doubloons, and French Gold. Holders of any of the above notes or gold will find it their interest to call at No. 33 Market street, before they dispose of them, and ascertain the rates of exchange. Sept 30--2m

To Millers and Flour Manufacturers!!

FOR SALE

THE New Allegheny-town STEAM GRIST MILL, built last year, running two pair of four feet French Burrs, a Country and Merchant Bolting Machine of a superior quality. She is situated at the intersection of Robinson and Craig streets, and from her vicinity to the canal is well adapted to carry on a considerable business. Being situated in a lot 110 feet by 80, there is room enough for the erection of all necessary buildings. To those engaged in the above business such a situation seldom occurs; and, from her known good character, she must always command a large share of public patronage. Possession will be given on the first of April, 1832. For further particulars inquire at the premises, where all necessary information will be given.

N. B.—Plenty of MACHINE CUT LATHS, of a superior quality, for sale. Sept 23--tf

JOHN I. KAY & CO, Booksellers & Stationers,

51 MARKET ST., PITTSBURGH.

COUNTRY merchants and others supplied with articles in their line on the most reasonable terms. Oct 4—8t

TO THE PUBLIC.

WE wish to caution our friends against an imposition too successfully practised on them, with spurious Nails stamped "JUNIATA."—This caution is deemed necessary from the fact that Nails have been manufactured from inferior Iron, and receive this brand.

An attempt of this kind is calculated to bring into disrepute the JUNIATA IRON, which has been long known to our western friends as an article of the very best quality. We would advise, therefore, in order to defeat this imposition, that the purchaser be governed in his selection by the *names* of the *manufacturers*, which will be found marked on the end of each keg of nails, and stamped on each bar of iron.

The undersigned manufacture their Iron *from the Ore*, and will stand accountable for the quality of the *Iron* and *Nails* marked with their stamp.

P. SHOENBERGER & SON,
LYON, SHORB & Co.,
H. S. SPANG & SON.

☞The Wheeling Gazette, Cincinnati Gazette, and Louisville Focus, will publish the above for three months, and send their accounts to this office. September 27.—tf.

Received by late arrivals, and for sale by
DOBBIN & IRWIN:

20 HHDS. PRIME N. O. SUGAR;
40 bags Green Havana COFFEE;
20 tons PIG LEAD;
10 bbls. WATER LIME;
53 DRY SPANISH HIDES;
30 packs BUFFALO ROBES;
80 thousand COMMON SEGARS;
20 dozen PAINTED BUCKETS.

Pittsburgh, October 11--tf

Pittsburgh Manufacturing Association.

FIFTEEN per cent. of the capital stock of the Association will be paid to the Stockholders respectively, or their legal representatives, on or after the 17th instant, being the fifth dividend, amounting to eighty-five per cent. By order of the Committee. GEO. COCHRAN, of R'd,

Pittsburgh, Oct. 7, 1831.—3w. *Agent.*

G. MERRITT, DENTIST,

NO. 50 FOURTH STREET, between Market and Wood, adjoining the offices of Dr. Simpson and Dr. E. Merritt. Sept 30--3mo

TOKEN, FOR 1832.

THE TOKEN, for 1832, with twenty embellishments, is received and for sale by JOHN I. KAY & Co., No. 51 Market street.

October 18, 1831.—4t

"Prize Selling Office."

UNION CANAL LOTTERY

OF PENNSYLVANIA,

CLASS No. 21, for 1831, to be drawn at Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, THE 22D OF OCTOBER, 1831. YATES & M'INTYRE, Managers. Sixty Number Lottery, 9 Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1	prize of	$20,000 is	$20,000
1		10,000	10,000
1		2,500	2,500
1		1,505	1,505
5		1,000	5,000
5		500	2,500
5		400	2,000
10		300	3,000
20		200	4,000
35		100	3,500
51		50	2,550
51		40	2,040
51		30	1,530
102		25	2,550
102		20	2,040
1479		10	14,790
11475		5	57,375
34230	tickets.		$136,880

Tickets $5 00. Halves $2 50. Quarters $1 25.

Orders from abroad, enclosing cash or prize tickets in former lotteries, will be promptly attended to.

When five dollars or more is sent for tickets, postage need not be paid.

Packages of wholes and shares prepared, and will be sold by certificate or otherwise.

The REGISTER, containing an official statement of the drawing, will be forwarded to each adventurer. Cash paid for prizes on presentation.

Apply to or address
GEORGE A. COOK,
Agent for Yates & M'Intyre, No. 68 Wood street.

Where was sold, a few weeks since, the splendid capital prize of SIXTY THOUSAND DOLLARS; and where has been sold and paid, Prizes amounting to FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS. Oct. 14

UNION CANAL LOTTERY

OF PENNSYLVANIA,

CLASS No. 21 for 1831; to be drawn in Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1831. YATES & M'INTYRE, Managers. Sixty Number Lottery—Nine Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1	prize of	$20,000 is	$20,000
1		10,000	10,000
1		2,500	2,500
1		1,505	1,505
5		1,000	5,000
5		500	2,500
5		400	2,000
10		300	3,000
20		200	4,000
35		100	3,500
51		50	2,550
51		40	2,040
51		30	1,530
102		25	2,550
102		20	2,040
1479		10	14,790
11475		5	57,375
34220	tickets.		$136,880

Tickets $5. Halves $2 50. Quarters $1 25.

☞For Tickets and Shares, apply to or address
WM. HAMILTON & CO.
No. 17 Exchange Buildings, St. Clair street.

October 14, 1831

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1479		10	14,790
11475		5	57,375
34,220	Tickets		$136,880

Tickets $5. Halves $2,50. Quarters $1,25.

Orders from abroad, (post paid) enclosing cash or prize tickets in former lotteries, will be promptly attended to.

A statement of the drawing will be forwarded to each adventurer. Cash paid for prizes on presentation. Apply to, or address,

JOHN SIBBET,
At the Lottery and Exchange Office, No. 114 *Market street, corner of Liberty, Pittsburgh.*

Where was sold, in Class 6, the Capital Prize of $25,000; in Class 7, the Capital Prize of $5,000, and in Class 10, the Capital Prize of $6,000.

October 14, 1831.

PUBLIC SALE.

IN pursuance of the direction contained in the last will and testament of Thomas Wilson, late of the county of Allegheny, will be exposed to public sale, on the premises, on Tuesday, the 18th of October, 1831, all that certain tract, piece or parcel of land, situated on the Monongahela river, in Elizabeth township, adjoining land of Samuel Wiley, John M'Connell, and Moses Curry, on the road from M'Keesport to Elizabethtown, about one mile from Elizabethtown, containing about one hundred and forty acres of land, of which about 40 acres are cleared, with an orchard containing a variety of fruit-trees. There is erected on said farm a story log house, a double barn, and other buildings. *Also*—at the same time and place, one other piece of ground, situated on the road from Elizabeth to Uniontown, one mile from Elizabethtown, containing about one and one half acres, on which is a valuable coal bank.

TERMS.—One third in cash, one third in one year, and the balance in two years from the sale.

FREDERICK ROADS, Admr.
Cum testamento annexo.

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the estate of THOMAS WILSON, deceased, late of Elizabeth township, are requested to make payment; and those having claims against said estate, to present the same duly attested for settlement, to FREDERICK ROADS,
Admr. Cum test. annex.

Elizabeth township, Oct. 7—3

IRON WIRE—Manufactured at the Pittsburgh Wire Factory—of superior quality. For sale by COCHRAN & IRWIN, No. 108 Second street. Pittsburgh, Oct. 7, 1831.—tf

PITTSBURGH PRICES CURRENT.—

Corrected weekly, by Riddle, Forsyth & Co.

Ashes, pot, lb.	4 a 4½	Steel, co. lb.	7a8†
pearl,	5	sad irons	6 cts†
sc. salts	3¾ a 4	Lead, in pigs	5a5½§
black salts	3†	bars	6½§
Axes, doz.	$14 a 16†	white, in kegs	$3†
Augers, qr.	6 a 7†	dry, lb.	10a11†
Alum, lb.	6	Shot, all sizes,	7a8†
Bacon, lb.	6†	Leather, sole,	24 a 26†
Batter, keg,	7†	upper, doz.	$27a30†
Bags, 3 bu. tw.	45 a 68†	calf skins,	15 a 26§
Beans, sh. bush.	75§	Lard,	8½ a 9§
Biscuit, sea, b.	3 50 a 4†	Logwood,	2½†
w. crack. bbl.	$4 50†	Molasses,	37a40§
Beer,	3 †	Nails, Jun. bra. 10d	6§
Coals, bush.	4†	8d	6½§
Candles, lb.	9	6d	6¾§
Copperas	2½a3†	4d	7½§
Cheese	5a6§	other	7§
Cordage, Ky.	8 a 11§	Oil, flaxseed, gal.	95a100§
Irwin's	9 a 15	tanners', bbl.	$19 a 20†
Coffee, g. in bgs.	14a14½	Onions, bushl.	$1§
Cotton Wool	9a9½†	Paper	
Cassinets,	40 a 110†	cap, No. 1 rm.	$3½a3¾†
Cotton Goods,		No. 2,	2¾a3¼†
3-4 Plaids, n. 1. y.	11a12†	No. 3,	2¼a2½†
4-4 Checks	13 a 21†	letter	2 50 a 4†
3-4 Stripes	17†	crown wrap.	$1 12½
Cot. yarns, lb. No. 5,	23†	medium do.	$1 75a2†
Flour, bbl.	$4 25*	paper hang's p.	37a35
Feathers	33½a34§	Pork, fresh lb.	3½ a 4
Flax, scutched, lb.	6¼a6½†	pkd. mess, bbl.	none
hatcheled,	9a10½*	prime,	do.
Flannels, cy. 4-4	40a50*	Potatoes, bush.	40 a 50§
Fish—bbl.		Rags, Ohio,	5½*
New herring,	$6a8§	do. Kentucky	4½§
shad,	11a12§	Sugar, N.O. lb.	6¾a7½†
mack'l.	5½a9†	country,	7§
Grain, wheat, bu.	60†	lump,	16a17†
barley	40†	loaf,	17 a 18†
rye	33†	Salt,	$2 37§
corn	28§	Soap, lb.	5 a 7
Glass, 8 by 10, box	$3¾a4†	Sifters—doz.	
10 by 12,	$4¼a5†	wire No. 14, 16,	$5
12 by 18,	$9 00†	Spades & shovels	$8
Bottles, porter groce	9†	Tobacco	
gallon doz.	2¼†	keg, lb.	5 a 10cts†
½ do.	1¼†	leaf,	3a3½†
¼ do.	87½cts†	Tallow, rendered	8†
pint	62½†	rough	6†
Gunpowder, keg	$5¾ a 6†	Tea. Y.H. lb.	90a$1 6*
Hemp, ton	$120a130§	H. skin.	70 a 75§
Hides, Span. lb.	15a16§	imperial,	1,35a1,45§
green	5§	Wax. bees'	20*
Indigo, Span lb.	1½a1¾†	Wool,	40 a 65*
Bengal,	1½ a 1¾†	Wool hats, doz.	$6a6½§
Iron, b. Jun. t.	$110†	Whisk. o. gall.	30a50ct
blooms, Jun.	$95§	new	30a31†
rolled	110†	Vices, bright	12½†
sheet, cwt.	9½†	black	9½ a 10†
pig, ton	$30 a 33§	4-4 br. Sheetg.	11a12†

REMARKS—* demand; § scarce; † plenty.

FOR SALE!

THE THREE LOTS AND DWELLING HOUSE in Lawrenceville, adjoining the farm of Mr. Ewalt. The house is two story and a frame, built and finished in the best manner, and the whole presents as desirable a situation as any in this neighborhood. For terms apply to the subscriber, living in Allegheny-Town.

ARCHIBALD LAMONT.

October 11—w3t

FIRST PITTSBURGH HOSE COMPANY.

EXTRACT from the minutes of the first Pittsburgh Hose Company, adopted at an extra meeting, held at the Masonic Hall, on the 7th instant.

"Whereas, the City Councils, in 1830, did appropriate money for certain purposes, as applied for by this company, which money they have not been able to obtain from the present councils—it is, therefore,

"*Unanimously resolved*, That the committee appointed at a former meeting, to lay before the councils of this city a statement of the wants of this company, be directed to inform the councils, that the comfort and convenience of the company make those wants indispensable before the coming inclement season, and that unless an appropriation be made before the first Monday in November next, to enable this company to procure those wants, that the company will then consider itself *dissolved;* and, that this resolution be signed by the President and Secretary, and published in all the public papers of the city."

JOHN McFADEN, *President.*

R. C. POMEROY, *Secretary.*

October 14, 1831.—3t

SAM'L STEVENSON,

No. 59, Corner of Fourth and Market Streets,

PITTSBURGH,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he has just received and is now opening a new and splendid stock of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, consisting in part of

London Blue, Black and Citron Cloths;
Sup. Olive, Green and Dark Mixt do.;
" Blue, Black and Oxford Mixt Cassimeres;
" Brown, Blue and Gray Satinets;
Dark Valencia and Toilinet Vestings;
Rose, Whitney, Mackinaw and Point Blankets;
Scarlet, Yellow, Green and White Flannels;
Black and Colored Ratinets and Bombazets;
Sup. Black English and French Bombazines;
" French and Engl. Bl'k and col'd Merinos;
Merino and Cashmere Shawls;
Valencia and Prussian do.;
Worsted, Merino and Lamb's Wool Hosiery;
Sup. French Chintz and Fall Ginghams;
Camlet and Tartan Plaids;
Sup. Gauze and Fancy Set Ribbons;
" Bl'k Lustring and Gro. de Naples Silk;
" Gros de Berlin, Gros de Zan, and Gros de Ta. Silk, plain and figured;
" Col'd Mantua and Florence Silk;
" Fancy Gauze Handk'fs and Scarfs;
" " Thibet do.;
" Black and Col'd Mode and Satins, &c.

☞ Also, a general assortment of Trimmings for Steam Boats, such as Moreens, Fringes, Counterpanes, &c. &c. Oct 4—7t

COMMISSION HOUSE,

PORTSMOUTH, OHIO.

John M'Dowell & J. W. Davis

HAVE CONNECTED THEMSELVES IN THE *Forwarding and Commission Business.*

THEY offer their services to their friends and the public, for purchasing, and selling, receiving and forwarding GOODS and produce of every description, agreeably to instructions. From their acquaintance on the Ohio river, and in the interior of the State, they flatter themselves that they will be enabled to transact business in their line, as advantageously as any other House in the place. House on Front street, 2 doors east of the court-house. September 27.—w3mo.*

THE Subscriber, being about to leave Pittsburgh, takes this method of returning his sincere thanks to his friends for the very liberal support given him for the last four years. He would also inform them that before his departure, he will use his best endeavors to procure a *competent* teacher to succeed him.

W. C. PETERS.

N. B.—Those persons indebted to the subscriber, will please settle their accounts, on or before the 20th instant, and those having accounts against him, are desired to leave them at No. 9, Fifth street, where is now selling at *Cost*, a variety of Fancy Goods, Prints, Drawing Materials, &c.

October 14, 1831. W. C. P.

COACH TRIMMER & BLACKSMITH WANTED.—The subscriber wishes to employ a Coach Trimmer, and a Blacksmith acquainted with carriage work. To sober, industrious workmen, masters of the above branches, good wages and constant employment will be given. For further particulars inquire at the office of the Pittsburgh Gazette. JAMES S. WHYTE.

Columbus, Ohio, Sept. 27, 1831.—tf.

DRUG AND MEDICAL WAREHOUSE.

THE subscribers have associated themselves together for the purpose of carrying on the DRUG BUSINESS, under the firm of

HOLMES & KIDD.

They beg leave to inform their friends and the public generally, that they have purchased the stock in trade of the late Dr. G. Dawson, which stock was in good order, and no doubt but the finest assortment in the city. A large addition will be added to the stock in a few days, as one of the partners has visited the eastern cities, and made purchases for cash: also made arrangements for regular supplies of fresh articles, viz: Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Paints, Dye Stuffs, Perfumeries, &c., all of which they will warrant genuine.

Physicians, Country Merchants and others can be supplied on moderate terms, dealers in their line would do well to call and examine their stock. Special attention will still be paid to retail business: the best articles kept on hand for family use.

They feel assured from the knowledge of the business they have, and experience in the same, and the punctuality which they will pursue toward them that favor them with a call, that a sufficient share of public patronage will be awarded.

Special attention will be paid to packing goods, ordered from a distance.

N. HOLMES & J. KIDD,

Agents for Dr Dyott's Medicine, Potter's Vegetable Catholicon, La Mott's Cough Drops, and the Balm of Iberia, *Wood street, No. 60.*

July 22—w3mo.

NEW WHOLESALE

GROCERY, TEA, WINE, AND LIQUOR

STORE,

No 148 Wood street, (back of the round church,)

PITTSBURGH.

G. C. ANDERSON & CO. respectfully inform the inhabitants of Pittsburgh and its vicinity, that they have commenced business in that large and commodious premises formerly occupied by Mr. James M'Cully, where they have laid in an extensive and well selected stock in the above line, and trust, by strict attention to business, to obtain a share of public patronage.

TEAS.

Y. Hyson, in chests, ½ chests, and ten catty boxes,
Hyson, do do
Imperial, do do
Gunpowder and Pouchong.

COFFEE.

Java, Rio, Laguira, and St. Domingo.

WINE.

Champagne,	Claret,
Madeira and Port,	Sherry,
Lisbon,	Dry Malaga,
Malaga Sherry,	Sweet do.

BITTERS, and assorted CORDIALS.

SPIRITS.

Cogniac Brandy, Holland Gin, and Jamaica Rum.

SUGAR.

Brown, Loaf, and Lump, in the greatest variety.

FRUITS.

Muscatel Raisins	Currants
Bunch do	Figs, Prunes
Bloom do	Lemons

SUNDRIES.

Chocolate	Mustard
Spices of all kinds	Rock Candy

And every article in the Grocery and Spirit line.

As the whole of the above articles were carefully selected, and purchased *for cash* by their Mr. Thomson, in Philadelphia and Baltimore, and as they have appointed agents in both places for their future purchases, they are and always will be enable to sell at the very lowest market prices, for cash or acceptances.

All kinds of Country Produce taken in barter. Country Merchants and others visiting Pittsburgh for the purpose of purchasing Groceries, will find it to their advantage to call and examine their present stock.

On Consignment, and For Sale,
SEVEN TONS BAR AND PIG LEAD.

Having been appointed agents for a Confectionary House in Philadelphia, they will keep a large assortment, and as they have made arrangements to be supplied weekly with this article, those favoring them with their orders may depend on having them executed equal if not superior to any manufactured here, at the same time saving at least 30 per cent. ☞ Observe No. 148 Wood street.

September 6—w3mo.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—In pursuance of sundry writs of Testatum Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Butler county, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House in the city of Pittsburgh, on *Saturday, the 29th of October instant,* at 11 o'clock, A. M., the following described property, viz:

All the right, title, interest and claim of Samuel M'Gowan, of, in and to a certain piece or parcel of ground, situate in Pitt township, Allegheny county, beginning on the Greensburgh and Pittsburgh turnpike road, at the corner of Hugh McKelvey's land; thence, running along said road, south 40 degrees, west 8 perches and 3-10 to a post; thence north 43 3-4 degrees, west 38 2-10 perches to the Allegheny river; thence up the same north 36 degrees east 8 3-10 perches, to McKelvey's; thence by McKelvey's south 43 3-4 degrees, east 39 2-10 perches, to the place of beginning; containing two acres.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of the said Samuel M'Gowan, in pursuance of sundry writs of Testatum Fieri Facias, at the suit of James Kingan, and to be sold by me.

WILLIAM CAVIN, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, October 14, 1831—w3t

JAMES B. MORGAN offers for sale the *MORGANZA MILLS,* situated in Washington county, Pennsylvania, on the Chartiers, two miles below Canonsburgh, and sixteen miles from Pittsburgh, on the Washington and Pittsburgh turnpike, consisting of a Grist Mill, one run of French Burrs of superior quality, and one run of first rate country stones; a Saw Mill and Hemp Mill on Hines & Beans' patent, which will break near a ton per day—will be sold either with or without the Hemp machinery, as the Hemp House is well calculated for any other machinery, such as fulling, carding, spinning, &c., as there are drums in both stories, run by one of the cog wheels of the Grist Mill; large and convenient house, &c., miller's house, stabling, &c.

I will sell with the mills, eight, sixty, or two hundred and thirty-eight acres of Prime Land, as may suit the purchaser. If the Farm is not sold with the Mill, it will be sold separate. It is a first rate Stock Farm, having meadow of the best quality, good Barn and Orchard, one double and three single Cabins. It is in good repair, and a good spring in every field. This property is advantageously situated for any gentleman wishing to educate his children, being but two miles from Jefferson College, which is in a very flourishing situation, having one hundred and sixty-three students, as he could be making money and superintending his children's education at the same time. A large amount of goods might annually be sold, for cash, wool and grain, being in the centre of a wealthy neighborhood. Undisputable titles will be given for said property, clear of any incumbrance.

Morganza Mills, Oct. 11, 1831.—5t

NIGHT SCHOOL,

NO. SEVENTY-THREE THIRD STREET.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the public that his Seminary will be open for the reception of those who may favor him with their patronage, *on the 17th of October,* where all the common branches of an English education will be taught, together with the following, viz:—Composition, Surveying, Mensuration, Grammar, Geography, Book-Keeping, Algebra, Geometry, and Trigonometry. GEORGE SMITH.

October 7, 1831.—w3t

POETRY.

THE NIGHTMARE.

I come in the gleams from the land of dreams,
 Wrapp'd round in the darkness' pall;
Ye may hear my moan in the night-wind's groan,
 When the tapestry flaps on the wall.
I sit on the breast of the death owl's nest,
 And she screams in fear and pain;
And my wings glare bright in the wild moonlight,
 As it whirls round the madman's brain;
And downs weeps my car, like a fallen star,
 When the winds have hushed their breath,
And you feel in the air, from the cold sepulchre,
 The faint damp smell of death.

My vigil I keep by the murderer's sleep,
 When dreams round his senses spin—
I ride on his breast, and trouble his rest,
 In the shape of his deadliest sin;
And hollow and low is the moan of wo,
 In the depth of his strangling pain,
And his cold black eye rolls in agony,
 And faintly rattles his chain:
The sweat drops fall on the damp prison wall—
 He wakes with a deep drawn sigh;
He hears my tread as I fly from his bed,
 And he calls on the saints on high.

And stilly I crouch by the sick man's couch,
 I stifle his slumbering breath; [groans
And I cramp-rack his bones as he shudders and
 In the seeming pangs of death;
And words unknown, 'twixt sigh and moan,
 In his horrible dread he utters,
As the dying breath of the messenger Death,
 In wild delirious mutters,
When he comes to bear the soul through the air,
 To him who alone can save it;
When mortality must return to her dust,
 And the spirit to him who gave it.

When the sweet babe lies with half closed eyes,
 As blue as the sky of even,
And ye know the while, by its innocent smile,
 That its dreams are of joy and heaven,
I steal to the bed where that gentle head
 In meek composure lies,
And, with phantoms of fright, I break the light
 Of its visions of Paradise.
The horror and fear of that night so drear
 Is long ere it pass away;
And the fearful glare of my fiendish stare
 Is remembered for many a day.

When the clouds, first born of the breezy morn,
 In the eastern chambers roam,
I glide away, in the twilight gray,
 To the mists of my shadowy home:
But man may not tell, by words or by spell,
 Where I rest my hideous form—
When darkness or sleep to their kingdom creep,
 And dreams rustle by like a storm,—
Whether it be in the caves of the sea,
 Where the rolling breakers go,
Or the chrystal sphere of the upper air,
 Or the depths of hell below.—*Danby's Poems.*

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

From the New York American, Oct. 12.

LATER FROM EUROPE.

The Hannibal, from London, brings papers to the 1st ult. a week later than the previous accounts. The tidings respecting Poland, though no battle had been fought, are sad indeed; for, with all our distrust of the Prussian medium through which they come, we yet fear, from the circumstantial details of names and occurrences, that civil discord and anarchy may have ruined as noble a cause as ever freemen drew their swords for. Such particulars of the alleged massacres at Warsaw, and of the deposition of the Commander-in-Chief, as the papers furnish, will be found among our extracts, together with the comments thereon of some of the leading London papers. In the midst of these difficulties, the Russian forces, abundantly supplied, it is now said, were closing round the city, which would too soon and surely fall beneath their assault, if not previously undermined by internal discord. The partial insurrections in Hungary, stirred up in some degree by sympathy for their gallant neighbors, will be too late to avail aught for Poland, and only serve to bring down the Imperial vengeance of Austria upon those concerned in them.

The French army had, it would appear, commenced its retrograde movement from Belgium, though, until it recross the frontier, there will be always motives for delaying that final step. According to a new protocol of the five powers, to which both Belgium and Holland are understood to have acceded, an armistice for six weeks was agreed on. The new project for the Peerage in France, as proposed to the Chamber in the name of the King, in submitting the creation of Peers for life in unlimited numbers to the King alone, without hereditary descent, would, as it seems to us, make the House of Peers mere vassals of the Crown. An hereditary Peerage would be less inimical to popular rights, and more independent than such a Peerage.

EXTRACTS FROM FOREIGN PAPERS, CONTINUED.

From the Times, 31st August.

We have as yet received no further accounts from Warsaw, to contradict or confirm those which we yesterday extracted from the Prussian papers. But in the absence of positive intelligence, we are happy to say that the more we reflect on the Prussian statements, the less probable they appear.

In the first place, the Polish Diet and Government, which have hitherto exercised such unresisted power, and which have shown themselves so hostile to Jacobin or revolutionary excesses, are not likely, all at once, either to have changed their policy or have lost their influence. In the Chamber of Nuncios a motion was made by M. Haysin, on the 1st inst. to address all the people and representative assemblies of Europe, on behalf of suffering Poland, and to call upon them to come to her assistance, in spite of the orders of their respective Governments. This *propagandist* proposition was lost by a great majority, showing that the Polish legislature could despise the ravings of clubs, and the menace of tumults.

In the second place, the patriotic club, to whose charge all this revolutionary mischief is ascribed, has been twice or thrice dissolved—is generally discredited by people of all classes—consists of very few members, and exercises very little influence. Is it likely that some hundred hot-heated students, composing this association, could cashier the General-in-Chief of the army, with 50,000 bayonets at his command, and appoint one of their partisans in his place? The fact may by possibility be true, but it is extremely improbable. A single squadron of horse would have dissipated a club so composed and so powerless.

In the third place, it was scarcely to be conceived that the members of a government which has hitherto been so popular as that of Prince Czartoriski could be displaced at once to make room for two men so discredited as Gens. Krukowicki and Prondzinski.

The approach of the Russian armies to Warsaw, and the consequent interruption of all communication between the rest of Europe and that city, allow facilities for those fabrications which the Prussian Government has shown itself too apt to encourage. The lie (if it be one) may last a fortnight, or till a decisive battle takes place; and in the mean time, the friends of Poland are kept in suspense, or are prevented from acting with the requisite energy.

We shall not, however, disguise our conviction, that if the accounts which we yesterday published should turn out to be correct, the cause of Poland is lost, and that, for a season, streams of noble blood have flowed in vain. The promotion of the two Generals above-mentioned to the head of the Government and the army, would be both the evidence of a deadly schism in the state, and the immediate precursor of Polish subjugation. All those who have hitherto defended the good cause with their swords, or supported it with their counsels, would refuse to range themselves under men whom they deem unworthy of their confidence, and who would betray them into the hands of their enemies; a civil contest would thus arise, with a foreign foe at the gate.

From the Courier of 31st August.

We have received German papers to the 23d inst. A letter from Cracow alludes to the report which has been given in the French papers, that negotiations are on foot between Russia and Poland, but nothing definite seems to have transpired respecting them, nor does the fact appear clear that any negotiations are actually in progress. Indeed, if any negotiations of the kind have been commenced, the Emperor of Russia must have recently altered his tone very materially, for his answer has invariably been, to all the proposals of negotiation made by other Governments, from feelings of humanity towards the Poles, that he would not negotiate with rebellious subjects, although Europe at large should in the event of their being subdued, have reason to commend him for his moderation and humanity in the hour of victory. The rumor as to the ill health of the Emperor of Russia is also revived.

"POLISH FRONTIERS, AUG. 10.—The connections which the Russians have in Warsaw, enable them to learn all the intended measures of the Polish General, and to act accordingly. Thus Gen. Paskewitsch was informed a few days ago that a considerable corps of Polish troops was to go to Cracow to organise the landstrum, and to take measures for forming a fortified camp, by way of precaution, in case the Polish army should be obliged to leave the vicinity of Warsaw. To defeat this plan a corps of 8,000 men of Gen. Rudiger's army immediately received orders to pass the Upper Vistula, to march towards Cracow, and to hinder the Poles from taking a firm position in the territory of that republic. In fact, a Russian corps, under General Thielmann, is on its march to Cracow, where it expects to arrive in a few days. * * * The Commissariat service of the Russian army, which is mostly conducted by Prussian contractors, is more regular than ever.

"There is a real abundance of bread, wine, meat, vegetables, and brandy, as well as forage; and the appearance of the Russian troops is described in all the accounts in the most advantageous terms. In the Polish army, on the contrary, there is the greatest economy, and the soldiers receive but small rations. The more commendable therefore is their discipline, since, amidst all the hardships of war, they are satisfied with the little that the nation can give for their subsistence.

"It was reported at Warsaw that the Emperor of Russia was seriously ill, and that there were but faint hopes of his recovery. This news was received with much interest and regret, a feeling which, especially at the present moment, does honor to the character of a high-minded people worthy of a better fate, which honors the great personal qualities of the Emperor with whom it is at war. The alarm which was excited by the news of the advance of the army towards Warsaw seems to have latterly subsided, which may be partly owing to the calmness of the General and the Government, and to a much talked of letter from a person of great influence at St. Petersburgh, which held out great hopes of an amicable arrangement. The scarcity of ready money, however, is more and more sensibly felt at Warsaw, and causes a general stagnation of business. Many houses which have hitherto weathered the storm, are said to be in imminent danger."

FROM THE POLISH FRONTIERS, AUG. 10.—According to authentic accounts from the Russian head quarters, dated the 13th inst., the corps of Gen. Rudiger, which had passed the Vistula, has approached Radom, and pushed its advanced posts to the Pilizi. The vanguard of this corps, commanded by Gen. Geismar, has totally defeated a detachment of the enemy, who, besides several hundred killed, lost two cannon and 300 prisoners, among whom are many officers.

The corps of Count Baron Kreutz, consisting of 20,000 infantry and 5000 cavalry, has arrived at Prasnyz, and received orders to hasten its march to join the Russian army, so as to pass on the 18th the bridge over the Vistula at Legea. Chocz and Rychwall were occupied by the Russian troops on the 14th, and they were expected on the 15th or 16th at Kalisch. The public coffers and functionaries of the latter place are gone to Cznestochw, there being no Polish troops within or near Kalisch. There is nothing to hinder the entrance of the Russian troops into that town. It is said, on the 17th, twenty Cossacks and one officer went from Konin to occupy the frontier town of Slupce.

BELGIUM.

From the London Courier, Aug. 31.

BRUSSELLS, AUG. 27.—The French army has commenced its retrograde movement: a great part of it will immediately return to France. The two regiments of cavalry which are here form the vanguard of a corps which will pass through Namur and Mons to Givet and Valenciennes. The amount of the force that is to remain is not yet fixed.

A letter from the French head quarters at Tirlemont, of 25th Aug. says—'We set out to-morrow for Nivelles; our first stage will be Nivelles, our next Wavres, the 3d will bring us to our destination, where we shall remain till further orders.'

The memorial in defence of the operations of the army of the Meuse, under the command of Gen. Daine, has been sent to the press: it will be published on Monday at the latest.

The news of the renewal of hostilities in Flanders is confirmed. Several letters from St. Nicholas, West Capelle, and Ghent, announce the continuance of the inundation, and the measures taken by the Dutch to fortify their territories.

Col. Moyard, who commands, *ad interim*, our army in Flanders, has sent a flag of truce to the Dutch General, to induce him to put an end to all violations of territory.

It was evident the government was aware of what was was passing, and that Gen. Belliard was to proceed to the spot, to use his kind intervention.

BRUSSELS, AUG. 27.—The arrival of a new Protocol of the Conference, numbered 14, created a great sensation at Brussels yesterday. This Protocol, if our journals are to be believed, proposes a new armistice, limited to six weeks, between the Belgian government and the King of the Netherlands. Be this as it may, it is certain that the Belgian government has returned the Protocol to the Conference, adopting, it is said, as the basis of its conduct, the circumstance that, in the month of November last, an indefinite armistice, which was to exist until a final arrangement should be made, was concluded between Holland and Belgium, under the guaranty of the Five Powers, who also undertook to cause it to be respected.

In the mean time, however, our indefatigable Minister of War, M. Ch. de Brouckere, is adopting measures with a view to repair the faults of his predecessors. The army is in a course of prompt organization; the old officers are recalled into the service, and every man of acknowledged incapacity is suspended, or his name is entirely taken off the army list. In pursuance of a law which it is understood will be proposed at the ensuing session of the Legislature, the whole army will in a few days be in a condition to march towards the frontiers, where it will be encamped. Artillery officers have also been despatched along the whole line of the Meuse and the Scheldt, to prepare means of defence. A portion of the Civic Guards is about to be re-organized, and will be properly trained and exercised.

It appears certain that several French Generals are about to be appointed to commands in our army. A General on the Staff is spoken of, two Generals of Infantry, a General of Cavalry, and two Generals of Artillery, but the names are not mentioned. These officers will take rank in our army without loosing that which they hold in the French army; and they will return to France as soon as the war shall be terminated, or when there shall have been sufficient time to be able to judge of the talents and capabilities of officers already in our ranks.

Our elections do not proceed very rapidly, and the ignorance of the electors, who, for a series of years, have been kept from the knowledge and practice of Constitutional principles, makes us fear that the influence of the Clergy will prevail in procuring the return of men of no capacity, in preference to the few men of talent whom the revolution has brought to light. At Brussels particularly, and in the two Flanders, there is great fear of our having inefficient Deputies. Liege, Mons, and Luxemburg, will certainly be better represented than the other provinces. In Hainault there is some doubt as to the re-election of Messrs. Blarguies and de Facqz, two of the most distinguished orators of the Congress.

This morning the King reviewed the two regiments of French infantry, the 11th light, and the 22d of the line. On his majesty's leaving the palace, and during the whole review, he was received with an enthusiasm, and marks of attachment and respect, difficult to describe. The people appeared deeply to feel, that the lamentable situation in which he had been placed by traitors, and men incapable of fulfilling the trust reposed in them, had proved that they were unworthy of their King, and their acclamations, therefore had something of melancholy in them.

It depends upon the English Government to place the throne of Leopold upon an immoveable basis, which she can do by supporting us in the conference, and thus enabling us to live and depend upon ourselves. Never was there a people more disposed to defend their independence and their King, whose splendid talents, personal courage, and warlike character, they appreciate better every day.

GREECE.

MALTA, Aug. 5.—By the Pelican, which arrived on the 28th from Nauplia, in eight days, we are informed that every thing in that distracted country remains in the most alarming state, owing to the rapid progress of dissatisfaction now openly manifested against the government of the President: business is at a perfect stand. The President is going to issue a paper currency, which, at the present crisis, it is feared will bring ruin on all commercial and public operations.

The Pelican lay some time at Negropont. Most of the Turkish families had returned, and were cultivating their fields. A new chief had been appointed to the Island, and the former retired to Zeitun.

Extract of a letter, dated

LONDON, Aug. 31, 1831.

"I have seen letters from Vienna, dated 20th August, which are of deep interest. The cholera morbus, in spite of all the precautions of the government, has made its appearance in Vienna, and set the whole capital in a frightful state of alarm. Every one flies from the city, and the road to Trieste, to Gratz, to Prague and Lintz, are covered with carriages. The confusion is general, and to add to the terror, couriers are daily and hourly arriving from Hungary and Gallicia, with news of the progress of the insurrection there.

It is no longer doubtful that the long stifled dissatisfaction of the Hungarians with the Austrian Government has at last broken out into open insurrection. The greater part of Upper Hungary, from the Carpathian mountains (the frontiers of Poland between Gallicia and Hungary) down to the junction of Thiess and the Danube, are little less than in a state of revolt, caused at first by the restrictions on the trade with Poland, and afterwards by the sanitary cordon drawn from Oedenburgh up towards Vienna. The Austrian government has already withdrawn the cordon, but the popular forces, far from dispersing, are receiving every hour new strength by the accession of dissatisfied noblemen.

Thousands are in arms, and the flame of insurrection 'spreads further and further down into lower Hungary. Two regiments have been sent forward with a park of horse artillery. The confusion in the government is said to be beyond description, as similar symptoms of dissatisfaction show themselves every where, but more especially in Bohemia and Gallicia. The same letter says, that orders have been forwarded to Italy for five German Regiments to be employed against Hungary.

Should this be the case, the Italian insurgents will have a better mediator in the troubles of Austria, than France has been to them. Bologna has again risen against the pontifical authority, and the National Guards throughout the territory of Bologna are organised and firmly resolved to resist the entry of the Papal troops. Previous to the spreading of the insurrection in Hungary, the Generals Preaed, Bentheim and Baron Geppert, had received orders to hold themselves in readiness to march at the first signal into the Papal states. Prepare, sooner or later, to hear of a general conflagration in the east of Europe.

The report or rather the news communicated in my yesterday's letter requesting the appointment of General Krukowiecky and Prondzinsky, has been contradicted to-day on Exchange, letters having been received of a different import, according to which the deputation sent to the head-quarters was ordered secretly to watch Skrzynecki.—It is to be hoped that this last intelligence may prove true, for should the Warsaw club have really acted the disgraceful drama of which it is accused, then the Polish cause is lost with a vengeance."—*N. Y. Courier.*

Liverpool.—The late English papers state some appalling particulars respecting a thunderstorm and flood which happened at Liverpool on the 20th of Aug. It is said to have exceeded a memorable flood in 1789, when the wards of the infirmary were fitted up for the reception of the poor, who had been driven in despair from their habitations. Indications of a storm were noticed the previous day; and about 12 at night the wind blew with considerable violence. At 2 o'clock in the morning, the inhabitants were aroused from their sleep by a tremendous peal of thunder. The rain fell in such torrents that it seemed as if an immense water spout had burst over the town and its vicinity. The lightning flashed, the thunder roared, and torrents of water rushed down, with the force of so many cataracts, from the higher districts of the town into the lower districts, which were completely inundated, as were several parts even in the intermediate space between the higher and the lower streets. The sewers, wholly incapable of carrying off the water, which flowed into them, were in several places blown up. In some places the torrent had made deep channels for itself, three feet deep and two feet wide. Paving stones and rubbish were moved in like manner down several other descents. The walls of numbers of new built houses were beaten down by the weight of water which fell on them, whilst even the foundations of some of them were sapped by the rain. The inhabitants of the cellars escaped only with their lives, leaving all their furniture and other property behind them, and rushed into the streets—men, women, and children—in a state of perfect nudity. Some lives were lost. The damage done to merchandise baffles all calculation.

We are informed, on pretty good authority, that the present gross income of the Liverpool and Manchester Railway is about 200,000 pounds per annum, and that the Company may have expended in warehouses, engines, &c. up to this time, 1,000,000 pounds; gross income, 200,000 pounds; deduct the expenses of management, and they are on a complete and effective, but upon a very expensive scale, say 70,000 pounds; balance 130,000 pounds; for the interest of 1,000,000 pounds, or 13 per cent.—*Sheffield Courant.*

The three story brick house and lot, corner of Pine and William streets, New York, was sold, a few days ago, at the Merchants' Coffee House, by James Bleecker and Sons, for 22,200 dollars. Lot twenty-eight feet on Pine, and sixty-eight on William.—*Nat. Gaz.*

The following strange story is said to be making a good deal of talk in London:—

Lord Prudhoe and Major Felix being at Cairo last autumn, on their return from Abyssinia, where they picked up much of that information which has been worked up so well by Captain Bond Head, in his life of Bruce, found the town in a state of extraordinary excitement, in consequence of the recent arrival in those parts of a celebrated Magician from the centre of Africa, somewhere in the vicinity of the Mountains of the Moon. It was universally said, and generally believed, that this character possessed and exercised the power of showing to any visiter who chose to comply with his terms, any person, dead or living, whom the said visiter pleased to name. The English travelers, after abundant inquiries and some scruples, repaired to his residence, paid their fees, and were admitted to his *Sanctum.* They found themselves in the presence of a very handsome young Moor, with a very long black beard, a crimson caftan, a snow-white turban, eighteen inches high, blue trowsers, and yellow slippers, sitting cross-legged on a Turkey carpet, three feet square, with a cherry stalk in his mouth, a cup of coffee at his left elbow, a diamond-hafted dagger in his girdle, and in his right hand a large volume, clasped with brazen clasps.—On hearing their errand, he arose and kindled some spices on a sort of small altar in the middle of the room. He then walked round and round the altar for half an hour or so, muttering words to them unintelligible; and having at length drawn three lines of chalk about the altar, and placed himself upright beside the flame, desired them to go seek a *Seer,* and he was ready to gratify them in all their desires. There were in the old days, whole schools of magicians here in Europe, who could do nothing here in this line without the intervention of a *pure Seer*—to wit a maiden's eye. This African belongs to the same fraternity—he made them understand that nothing could be done until a virgin eye was placed at his disposal. He bade them go out in the streets of Cairo, and fetch up any child they fancied, under ten years of age. They did so; and after walking about for half an hour, selected an Arab boy, not apparently above eight, whom they found playing at marbles. They bribed him with a few halfpence, and took him with them to the studio of the African Roger Bacon. The child was much frightened at the smoke, and the smell, and the chatter, and the muttering—but by and by he sucked his sugar candy, and recovered his tranquillity, and the Magician made him seat himself under a window—the only one that had not been darkened, and poured about a table-spoonful of some black liquid into the hollow of the boys right hand, and bade him hold the hand steady, and keep his eye fixed upon the surface of the liquid; and then resuming his old station by the brazier, sung out for several minutes on end—What do you see? Allah bismillah! What do you see? Illalla Resoul Allah! What do you see? All the while the smoke curled up faster and faster. Presently the lad said: "*Bismillah!* I see a horse—a horseman—I see two horsemen—I see three—I see four—five—six—I see seven horsemen, and the seventh is a *Sultan.*" "Has he a flag?" cries the Magician.—"He has three," answered the boy. "'Tis well," says the other, "now halt!" and with that he laid his stick right across the fire, and, standing up, addressed the travelers in these words:—Name your name—be it of those that are upon the earth, or of those that are beneath it; be it Frank, Moor, Turk, or Indian, prince or beggar, living and breathing, or resolved into the dust of Adam, 3000 years ago—speak, and this boy shall behold and describe.—The first name was William Shakspeare. The Magician made three reverences towards the window, waved his wand nine times, sung out something beyond their interpretation, and at length called out, "Boy, what do you behold?" The Sultan alone remains," said the child—"and beside him I see a pale-faced Frank—but not dressed like these Franks—with large eyes, a pointed beard, a tall hat, roses on his shoes, and a short mantle."—The other asked for *Francis Arouet de Voltaire,* and the boy immediately described a lean, old, yellow-faced Frank, with a huge brown wig, a nutmeg-grater profile, spindle shanks, buckled shoes, and a gold snuff box! Lord Prudhoe now named *Archdeacon Wrangham,* and the Arab boy made answer, and said, "I perceive a tall grey-haired Frank, with a black silk petticoat, walking in a garden, with a little book in his hand. He is reading on the book—his eyes are bright and gleaming—his teeth are white—he is the happiest looking Frank I ever beheld." Major Felix now named a brother of his, who is in the cavalry of the East India Company, in the presidency of Madras.—The Magician signed, and the boy again answered, "I see a red-haired Frank, with a short red jacket, and white trowsers. He is standing by the sea shore, and behind him there is a black man, in a turban, holding a beautiful horse richly caparisoned." "God in Heaven!" cried Felix. "Nay," the boy resumed, "this is an odd Frank—he has turned round while you are speaking, and, by Allah! he has but one arm!" Upon this the Major swooned away. His brother lost his left arm in the campaign of Ava! *Verbum non amplius.*

Literary Impostor.—Towards the end of last century, Sicily exhibited an instance of literary imposture that has scarcely been equaled. A man named Vella, who came from Malta, pretended to an intimate acquaintance with Arabic, though he knew not a word of that language, nor so much as the alphabet. It happened that the government was just then solicitious to inform itself on the subject of the history of the kingdom in the time of the Saracens; this was a point of some importance in the disputes with the Sicilian barons, in regard to their feudal rights and claims. Vella contrived to play his cards so skillfully, that he was employed to translate an Arabic manuscript found in the old archives; and he performed his part for a length of time with such consummate address, as to obtain honors, dignities, and even the professorship of the Arabic language and literature in the University of Palermo! His translation of the Arabic manuscript was nothing but a tissue of his own invention. He even went so far as to bring forward a Norman manuscript, which he gave out that he had found in an ancient collection. The Sicilian literati, however, began at length to smell a rat, and strove to tear the mask from the impostor.—This proved to be no easy task, for the juggler had found means to gain powerful protection. At last he was brought before the regular tribunal on a charge of fraud, convicted and sentenced to fifteen years' imprisonment.

From the Montreal Herald, Oct. 8.

Among the various plants which nature in her Canadian wildness produces in profusion, few have perhaps been considered of less value than that which by the Canadians is called *Cottonier.* It is not only regarded as a weed, but from the rapidity with which it spreads and increases, is viewed with a very jealous eye. Cart loads, nay, ship loads of its seed are blown away by the wind yearly, and yet that seed has now been ascertained to be convertible to a most useful and even important purpose. For this discovery the public are indebted to the observation and perseverance of the lady of Dr. Stewart Chisolm, of Glengarry, in Upper Canada, who resolved upon making the attempt to spin some of the wild cotton, heretofore lost to any good purpose. This attempt has so entirely succeeded, that not only has Mrs. Chisolm spun a very large quantity of the material, but has caused it to be wove into a sort of *etoffe,* most valuable, in this rude climate, for many purposes in the habitant's and cottager's establishment. We have been favored with a piece of the manufactured stuff, cut from this web, and which all persons desirous of doing, will be welcome to inspect at the Herald Office.

A succession of experiments has just been made at Sannois, about eight miles from Paris, to ascertain the merits of a new telegraphic invention for night service, which is effected by the use of lanterns of stained glass. The experiments established the practical merits of the invention.—During the night of Saturday last, it was intended further to try the adaptability of fusees, and a telegraphic machine of an entirely novel construction, having a similar object in view.—*Foreign paper.*

NEW CENSUS.—In consequence of the various inquiries relative to the New Census, we have procured from Washington, through the polite attention of Wm. C. H. Wardell, Esq., of the State Department, the following valuable document on this subject.

An Abstract of a "careful revision of the enumeration of the United States, for the years 1790, 1800, 1810, 1820 and 1830," compiled at the Department of State, agreeably to law; and an abstract from the aggregate returns of the several Marshals of the United States of the "Fifth Census."

	1790	1800	1810	1820	1830	Inc. fr. 1820 to 1830
Maine	96,540	151,719	228,705	298,335	399,468	per ct. 33 898
New Hampshire	141,899	183,762	214,360	244,161	269,533	10 391
Massachusetts	378,717	423,245	472,040	523,287	610,014	16 575
Rhode Island	69,110	69,122	77,031	83,059	97,210	17 157
Connecticut	238,141	251,002	262,042	275,202	297,711	8 161
Vermont	85,416	154,465	217,713	235,764	280,679	19 5
New York	340,120	586,756	959,040	1,372,812	1,913,508	39 386
New Jersey	184,139	211,949	245,555	277,575	320,779	15 564
Pennsylvania	434,373	602,365	810,091	1,049,458	1,347,672	28 416
Delaware	59,096	64,273	72,674	72,749	76,739	5 487
Maryland	319,728	341,548	380,546	407,350	446,913	9 712
District Columbia		14,093	24,223	33,039	39,588	20 689
Virginia	748,308	880,200	974,622	1,065,379	1,211,266	13 69
North Carolina	393,751	478,103	555,500	638,829	738,470	15 592
South Carolina	249,073	345,591	415,115	502,741	581,458	15 657
Georgia	82 548	162,101	252,433	340,917	516,504	51 472
Kentucky	73,077	220,955	406,511	564,317	688,844	22 066
Tennessee	35,791	105,602	261,727	422,813	684,822	62 044
Ohio		45,365	230,760	581,434	937,679	61 998
Indiana		4,875	24,520	147,178	341,582	132 087
Mississippi		8,850	40,352	75,448	136,806	81 32
Illinois			12,282	55,211	157,575	185 406
Louisiana			76,556	153,407	215,791	48 665
Missouri			20,845	66,586	140,084	110 380
Alabama				127,901	309,206	141 574
Michigan			4,762	8,896	31,128	250 001
Arkansas				14,273	30,383	113 273
Florida					34,725	
	3,929 827	5,305,925	7,289,314	9,638,131	12,856,407	32 392

At the next session of Congress the new ratio of representation will be finished and fixed. Nothing has yet been done, but it is highly probable, nay, even certain, that the next presidential election will be conducted under that new ratio.—*New York Inquirer.*

From the Winchester Virginia Republican.

MARTYRDOM.

The New York daily papers are cutting each others' throats for the benefit of the public.* In old times a ship used to come from the ocean in a quiet unassuming way, pass through the Narrows without molestation, and arrive at the wharf in a respectable manner. The captain, after seeing the vessel well fastened, and serving a glass of grog all round, would jump ashore, take a moderate run up to his house, kiss his wife and children, shake hands with his neighbors, and then return to carry his letters and papers to the post office. In a day or two the New York papers would furnish their readers with a half a dozen items of foreign news—the people were satisfied, and there was an end of the matter. But "the march of intellect" has set them all daft. In an evil hour, our esteemed friend of the Gazette bought a little boat, and hired a little man to row it down the broad and beautiful bay of New York every day on a voyage of discovery; and every evening the little traveler would return with a report of all the news brought by foreign vessels anchored at the quarantine ground. To add to the astonishment of the people, the news would actually be published in the next morning's paper. The Mercantile Advertiser was guilty of a similar enormity—and the consequences were, that their compositors were sometimes obliged to work as late as 11 o'clock at night. These irregular hours shortened human life somewhat; it took about seven years, then, to kill a journeyman printer.

The proceedings were equally quiet on the other side of the Atlantic. A few papers from the principal towns and seaports—the last London Sun and Standard, and perhaps one sheet from the Courier office and one from the Chronicle—were deemed amply sufficient to enlighten the western continent. But now—heaven save the ship, as she lies at the Liverpool wharf! First must be gathered the Liverpool newspapers proper; then in rolls the London mail—two cart loads more, at least. The railroad groans and squeaks under the ponderous masses that hurry on in time for the just sailing packet: the boatmen, as they push down the Mersey, cross themselves, and pray that they may not go to the bottom with their double cargo of editorial wisdom: every city, town, village, and hamlet, pours forth its drop to swell the general torrent. The porters fret—the sailors swear—the captain sighs for the days of his grandfather. The anchor is weighed, and the sails are set, and at last they are off.

But not to rest, has been decreed by Mr. Wilmer, the Liverpool agent of the New York papers. Alas! poor, infatuated crew!—they think, because some few waves roll between them and trouble, they are safe. Not so: scarcely do they begin to draw a little comfortable breath, before a speck is described in the distance behind. Nearer and nearer, on they come—a host of little steamers. A fresh supply of gossip has reached Liverpool since they left there, and they are absolutely chased out on the ocean with another boat load of news!

The Atlantic, though three thousand miles wide, is but a step across in a brisk gale: lucky is he that is becalmed on the way, for he has some slight opportunity of putting his brains in order, collecting his ideas, &c. &c. to meet the uproar which awaits him here. In days of old, there was some care to be taken in approaching a coast; there were soundings to be made, charts were examined, and the telescope was more than hourly elevated to descry, if possible, some far glimpse of "Home, sweet home." Not so at present. A ship may be very sure she is a goodly distance from shore as long as only herself is on the water; for long before lighthouses or blue hills are visible, her tormenters are on the alert, and forth sally a whole navy of that venturesome small-fry yclept "news-boats." Then again comes the tug of war. Ten questions to one answer—mail bags here and letters there—and a tax-general laid on the memory of the unfortunate captain and passengers for all they ever heard or saw. Each one tells a different story—some only half a one—for the "news boats" have no time to spare on particulars. All is confusion and clatter; and in the midst of it, off push the little fry, and steer like "neck or nothing" for Long Island. Horses there take the precious burden, and such of them as are not killed on the road, deposit it on the north side of the island, and thence its last step is taken to the printing offices. Editors, pressmen, compositors, devils—all stand ready, with pen and type, to pounce upon it without delay. No time to part truth from falsehood, or the probable from the improbable—print it all: two, three, four o'clock, A. M.—no chance for sleep; and by five, the carriers are flying round in all directions.

Four years suffice to kill a journeyman: and twice four years more sees a rival newspaper establishment, with a little more capital, a newsboat that can get a little farther out to sea, a press that can strike off sheets a little faster, a carrier that can run sixteen knots an hour, and the hitherto prosperous concern groans, and gasps, and dies.

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* Before the Journal of Commerce procured a news-schooner, about three years since, for its own exclusive benefit, the whole expense incurred by the morning papers in collecting ship news, amounted to about $2,500 per annum. Since that date, till very lately, it has amounted to about $10,000 per annum. Within a few weeks past the business has taken a new start, and at present there are actually six news-schooners afloat, besides various small boats, at an aggregate expense of at least $25,000 per annum; or ten times the original amount.

Flour.—The New Orleans Price Current of September 24th says: "The arrivals from St. Louis, some 300 bbls. of new wheat, fresh and sweet, that *passed inspection*, were sold at $6 per bbl., as also some from the Ohio river, which did not pass. We have been informed, that all that came out of the Ohio river this season (new wheat,) has been *crossed*, on account of the wheat of which it was made not being ripe and dry, or some other bad quality—however, in consequence of the demand by the city bakers for this description, it went off nearly or quite as well as that of a better reputation—the growers and the grinders of the Ohio should look to it: they will find in Missouri a competition that will, if necessary, awaken them to their interest."

THE NEW VOLCANO.

The Philomel brig of war, which left Malta harbor on Tuesday afternoon, the 19th July, with the masters of the Vincent and Ganges, to ascertain the correct particulars, &c. of the New Volcano Island, forming off Sciacco, in Sicily, discovered the object at 1 A. M., on Thursday, the 21st. At six observed a thick smoke issuing apparently from the sea, the spot bearing N. W. ¼ W.: and, on steering in that direction, fell in with the Hind cutter at nine, which had left Malta on Sunday the 17th, but had not reached the New Volcano, owing to calms. The island then bore N. W. by W., six or eight miles distant; at 9 deg. 45 min. the Philomel hove to, three miles to windward. Capt. Smith, with two masters and Col. Bathurst, a passenger, left the vessels in boats, for the purpose of taking soundings as near as they could approach with safety, but had scarcely got one mile away, when the volcano burst out with a tremendous explosion, resembling the noise of a very heavy thunder storm, and flames of fire, like flashes of lightning.—The boats were covered with black cinders, which also fell on board the vessels, and all around, to a distance of (at least) three miles from the volcano. The eruption, in all its fury, lasted seven minutes, and when the smoke had somewhat cleared away the island had increased in size two-fold.

The volcano bursts out regularly at about every two hours, and emits all around it a suffocating sulphureous stench. On first making it, at a long distance, it resembles a cluster or grove of cypress trees. The English brig Bootle, of Liverpool, an American and one or two foreign vessels, were off the place.

Its precise latitude is 37 11 North, and longitude 11 44 East; the soundings in the vicinity, say 80 yards off the island, bearing N. E. are 70 to 75 fathoms. At five and six miles distance they vary from 70 to 80 fathoms. The volcano appears composed mostly of cinders of a rusty black color, having only a sprinkling of lava, of an oblong shape, and the island, as last seen on Friday the 23d, was not less than three quarters of a mile in circumference. The N. W. point is the highest, say 80 feet above the level of the sea, and lower towards the southern extremity. The S. E. side of the crater has fallen in to the level of the sea. The sea is drawn in with a very loud noise, and occasions an immense volume of white vapour to rise up in the air, curling and spreading high and wide; then succeeds rapidly the eruption of cinders and lava, thrown to the height of from 400 to 500 feet, and on some occasions to 1,000 feet, forking and branching out in all directions in its ascent, and afterwards falling and pouring down in stupendous masses, with such violence as to cause a noise like heavy thunder, and making the sea for a considerable distance around one entire sheet of foam—altogether a sight not to be imagined.

Malta, Aug. 4.—Our reports respecting the volcano are very unsatisfactory; there can be little doubt, however, that the island continues to increase in size. A boat, with five or six officers, returned yesterday afternoon, and they assert that the island is at least three miles in circumference, and from 200 to 300 feet high. They landed upon it, and for ostentation sake, I suppose, hoisted the Union flag. The other stories, as to the increasing dimensions of the place, are too vague to speak of.

We learn from the coast of Sicily, that the town of Sciacco has been entirely abandoned by its inhabitants, the reported shocks, and trembling of the earth, leading to a belief that it will sink into the sea.—*London paper.*

Turkish Mission to America.—We are informed, says the Boston Transcript, by Capt. Phelps, of the brig Mermaid, which arrived here on Tuesday last, from Smyrna, that a short time previous to his sailing, he shipped as passenger for Boston, the Preceptor of the Captain Pacha, (Turkish Admiral,) and servant, who had been ordered to this country, by the Grand Seignor, for the purpose of acquiring general information in the various branches of science and mechanics, as practised in America. He is represented to us by Capt. Phelps, as being a venerable looking personage, with a full, long, white beard, flowing down to his girdle. He was accompanied by a beautiful boy, of about nine years of age, in full Turkish costume, in the capacity of a "pipe bearer."

The Preceptor was furnished with an ample outfit by the Grand Seignor. It was his intention to have spent some years in this country, and to have visited all the principal cities, dock yards, and manufactories of the United States. He had embarked on board the Mermaid, and a short time after the vessel was got under weigh, was taken suddenly ill, when Captain Phelps, with much regret, was obliged to land him, with his retinue and baggage, again in Smyrna. His complaint was not considered alarming, and on his recovery, will again embark for America; he may be expected by the next arrival.

He no doubt will be afforded every facility here he could wish, and thus be enabled to accomplish the object of his mission. He will be, we believe, the first Turk of distinction ever sent by the Grand Seignor to America, although he has his learned men in almost every enlightened nation of Europe, for the same laudable purpose.

The Grand Seignor is gradually introducing European manners and customs to his countrymen, which has given offence to many of his principal officers, particularly that of the European uniform in his Body Guard.

Yesterday morning the operation of lithotomy was performed on the venerable Chief Justice Marshall, with a professional skill which could be rivalled only by the admirable fortitude with which it was borne. Appearances are all favorable; and hopes may be entertained of the prolongation of an inestimable life under circumstances of personal relief which will insure the continuance of its full national value. If we could select feelings to be envied, we should indicate those of a surgeon successful on such an occasion, with a sensibility such as that of Dr. Physick.—The operator was thoroughly alive to all the merits of his patient; his esteem he probably thought so great that it could not be enhanced; but he witnessed a simple force of resolution, which must have convinced him that the man is equal to the judge.—*National Gazette.*

PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.
FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 21, 1831.

Our County Concerns.—On Tuesday last we rode about nine miles into the country, along the Beaver road, and in that short distance were grieved to see two excellent bridges, built at the county expense, standing in very exposed and dilapidated conditions. One of these bridges is over Lowry's, and the other over Jack's run. Several months have now elapsed since the roofs of both of them were crushed in by the wind, and during all the intervening period the bridges were exposed to every rain that fell. If they are not covered before winter sets in, they must sustain very serious injury.—We trust the county commissioners will look to it.

In a neighboring paper we observe a paragraph commencing with the following sentence:

"*The Presidency.*—It continues to be the policy of some editors, to speculate on the *chances* of the different candidates for the presidency, instead of noticing their claims and qualifications. They profess to admire Mr. Clay; and if he were so strong as not to *need* their support, they would, doubtless, be very zealous in his cause. In other words, they would *"support Mr. Clay, if they tho't he could be elected!"*

The paragraph then proceeds to deprecate this kind of calculation of chances, as the writer calls it, and seems to consider it more *heroic* to support Mr. Clay without reference to his prospects.—Upon this subject we happen to differ very materially with the editor of the paper to which we have referred. We do not think that the presidentship was created for Henry Clay, or any other individual. We duly estimate the services, the talents, and the principles of Henry Clay, but cannot discover the propriety of supporting him without regard to the probability of success. We do most sincerely believe that the present chief magistrate is entirely incompetent to discharge the duties of his high station, and that his re-election is to be dreaded and deprecated. We believe that many of the great interests of the country will be endangered if he should be re-elected. Entertaining, as we do, these opinions, we would consider ourselves wanting in integrity and patriotism, were we not to use our best judgment to select, as our candidate for the presidentship, some able and upright statesman who will be likely to succeed; and we would consider ourselves as mere blind and bigoted adherents, were we to support any man without calculation as to the result.

Some few months since, the National Republicans declared that they were laboring "not for the glory of Cæsar, but for the welfare of Rome."—Such are our principles: we labor to rid the country of the present unfit executive, and will cheerfully support any competent and patriotic citizen who will probably succeed. Suppose, when the Convention assembles at Baltimore, it should satisfactorily appear that Henry Clay cannot unite as great a portion of the Anti-Jackson party as could Wm. Wirt, or Daniel Webster, or any other statesman of equal talents and integrity, would it be proper to nominate Mr. Clay? We think not: we suppose that a principal object of this Convention is the comparison of the qualifications, the claims, and the popularity of several of the distinguished statesmen of our country, and the selection of that one who is most likely to succeed; and we are glad to perceive that such are the views of some of the most intelligent and patriotic editors in our country.

If there were but two candidates, one competent and patriotic, the other destitute of both these qualifications, it would, we admit, be a duty to support the former, without reference to the *chances* of success: but when there are various persons, of equal or nearly equal talents, integrity, and patriotism, from among whom is to be selected an opponent to an unfit incumbent, surely it is right and proper to select that person who will be most likely to succeed.

False report.—A report was brought here yesterday of the death of the President. It originated in a publication in the *Pittsburgh Gazette* and Pittsburgh Statesman. In *both* it was asserted without qualification. It received no confirmation by last night's mail, and is consequently entitled to no credit. *The Pittsburgh editors are responsible to the community for giving circulation to such momentous information without undoubted evidence that it is incontestibly true.—Cincinnati Gazette.*

The above is extracted from the Cincinnati Gazette of the 10th instant: we have republished it to recall the attention of that paper to it. We do not pretend either to admit or controvert the justice of the censure imposed in the last sentence upon the editor who *did* publish this "momentous information:" that is a matter to be settled between our neighbor in Pittsburgh and our cotemporary in Cincinnati.

We were greatly surprised to find this self-created censor display such manifest want of care and circumspection at the very moment he undertook to rebuke us. We *trust* that he will be surprised to learn, that so far from our asserting, "without qualification," the death of the President, we have not at any time given the *slightest intimation* of that nature. If the Cincinnati editor had merely made *a general* declaration that we had published this "momentous information," we might very readily have attributed the mistake to editorial carelessness; but when he proceeds to make the *specific* allegation that we had asserted it "without qualification," he excites our special wonder.

We now think that we are justly entitled to say, nearly in the language of the Cincinnati editor, that he is responsible to us for fulminating such a censure upon us, not only without *undoubted evidence*, but without the *slightest shadow of evidence* that it was well founded. We trust that the error will be as promptly corrected, as it was carelessly committed.

The political friends of Mr. Clay should note that the *Jackson* editors and other writers, take great pains to render the nomination of Mr. Wirt suspicious and odious, and particularly to them.—It is natural for the Jackson devotees to fear that nomination as an *alternative* for the Clay party.—Hence the endeavor to inspire distrust and jealousy,—to persuade the country that there is a juggle in the case—that either the Clay party have been betrayed, or that Mr. Wirt means to betray the Anti-masons. Let the *Anti-Jackson* party be on their guard against such arts of the enemy.—*National Gazette.*

The London Courier says—"Although the foreign policy of the Duke of Wellington was pacific, we are quite ready to concur with our contemporary that the change of Ministers, and the ascendency of liberal principles in England, have diminished the chances of a general war. The despotic governments of Europe can now expect neither assistance nor sympathy from British Ministers, and therefore must necessarily be more cautious how they pass beyond their own dominions in crusades against liberty."

Postage of letters conveyed by Boats on the River.—The present Postmaster General, on taking charge of his Department, found some discontent with regard to that construction of his predecessor, which, under the Post Office law, made the inland waters, navigated by steamboats, *post roads*. Mr. Barry, with a view to give satisfaction to the public, investigated the whole subject, and presented all the grounds of objection to the precedent set out by Mr. McLean, to the Attorney General for his opinion. By the correspondence upon this subject, it will be seen that Mr. McLean's decision, subjecting letters conveyed by sea to New Orleans to *an inland postage* from the Balize to New Orleans was reversed—but that it was sustained with regard to letters conveyed by steam boats between New Orleans and the upper country. The grounds of the Attorney's General's opinion will be found in the several acts of Congress quoted in his letter to Mr. Barry, which we think leave no doubt as to the correctness of the interpretation, upon which the Postmaster General has based the following direction in his Circular to the Postmasters throughout the Union.—*Washington Globe.*

"Every person having charge of a boat or craft, is required by law, under a heavy penalty, to deposit all letters conveyed by his boat, in the post office at each place of arrival; and all letters conveyed by steam boat, on waters where steam boats regularly ply, are subject to the same postages as those carried the same distance in the mail. There is ground for belief, that in some ports, this provision of the law is in a great measure evaded. You are required to use all diligence in striving to correct this evil. If it be permitted to exist, the Department will be deprived of much of its lawful revenue at places where steam boats touch. In every instance you can discover, of the violation of this section of the law, (Section 19,) whether on the water or by land, you are to cause a prosecution to be instituted."

The Albany Argus says—"The National Gazette considers the whole affair (of the nomination of Mr. Wirt,) if not hostile to Mr. Clay, at least not entitled to the support of his friends, to the prejudice of their own candidate." This is not a correct representation. We do not believe that Mr. Wirt was nominated from any hostility or antipathy to Mr. Clay;—much less that the nomination was accepted in a hostile or unkindly spirit.—We think that Mr. Clay is entitled to the support of his friends, as long as they can suppose him an *available* candidate; but we have never said or intimated that they should not adopt Mr. Wirt, if the Convention which is to be held at Baltimore in December, discover that they *cannot* succeed against Gen. Jackson with their splendid favorite, but *may* with Mr. Wirt.

Their primary object we must presume to be, the substitution for the General of a competent chief magistrate, with sound principles and just views of economy. But we deem this subject as yet altogether hypothetical; it is a question of probabilities and chances; of practical and patriotic wisdom. We shall never recommend an inflexible allegiance or devotion to particular individuals, when the highest national interests are at stake; predilections and antipathies must both occasionally be sacrificed to the weal of the Republic.—*National Gazette.*

Pennsylvania and Ohio Railroad.—Engineers have for two or three weeks past been engaged in making surveys on the route of the proposed Pennsylvania and Ohio Railroad from Pittsburgh to Massillon. They are now making surveys of a route up Brady's run, and across to Little Beaver creek; but we understand that the height of the dividing ridge is too great to be overcome; and that the most practicable route is down the Ohio river to the mouth of Little Beaver, and then up that creek. It is stated that the stock for the construction of this railroad will be immediately subscribed, when books are opened for that purpose. We believe no stock in the country will be more profitable.—*Beaver Argus.*

The Siamese twins were lately exhibited in Exeter, Massachusetts. The Boston Patriot tells a story of a physician of that town, who, being desirous to ascertain for himself whether the two boys "in corporeal sufferance" were identical or separate, inquired of Chang if he should stick a pin into his shoulder, what would be the effect on his brother. "If you stick a pin into me," retorted Chang quickly, "my brother Eng might knock you down."

DIED,

At the residence of his father, (James M'Kee,) in Robinson township, Allegheny county, on the 16th inst. JOHN M'KEE, in the 49th year of his age. The deceased was a kind and affectionate son and brother, a warm-hearted and sincere friend, and an intelligent and honorable man.

LAND, LOAN, GENERAL AGENCY,
INFORMATION & DIRECTORY OFFICE,
No. 63 Fourth street, (near the Bank,)
BETWEEN WOOD AND MARKET ST'TS.

THIS establishment is connected with similar establishments in the cities of New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and New Orleans, so as to enable the proprietors to attend to any business in their line without any extra charge, (advertisements, handbills and postage excepted.) The following business will meet with due, strict and immediate attention, viz:—Purchase, sell, barter, exchange, rent and lease coal and timber lands, farms, building lots, houses, stores, &c., manufactories, taverns, mercantile and other establishments, &c., belonging to persons desirous of declining business;—Patentees' agency, attend to selling wholes or shares of patent rights, in or out of the state, for trade or cash;—Borrow and loan money by bond and mortgage on unincumbered real estate;—Agency and commission business in all its branches attended to; also act as attorney's agent for aforesaid cities;—Information on any subject or business, far or near, obtained, received, given and forwarded to and fro the union;—Attend to searching the records and register books of all private and public offices in this and aforesaid cities;—Attend to the whole business of collector, scrivener and accountant;—Also will attend to procuring subscribers to publications;—Merchants, manufacturers and contractors' agency office: will attend to supplying merchants, manufacturers, contractors and citizens in general with partners, clerks in their several capacities, foremen, managers, journeymen, farmers, laborers, &c. N. B. None will be sent to persons unless satisfactory recommended. Application to be made to EVERITT & Co. at the office, No. 63 Fourth street, next the Bank, between Wood and Market streets.

P. S.—Citizens, strangers, emigrants, and Foreigners, will do well, will save time, trouble, and expense, by favoring this establishment with their orders. E. & CO.
Pittsburgh, October 21—2w

NOTICE.—The drawing of the *Union Canal Lottery* will take place to-morrow, the 22d inst. Capitals, $20,000—$10,000—$5,000. Tickets only five dollars. Packages, whole tickets, and shares, for sale in great variety. Prizes sold at this office recently: $60,000, $50,000, $20,000, $15,000, 10,000, &c.; amounting in all to half a million of dollars. GEO. A. COOK,
Agent for the Managers, No. 68 Wood street,
Pittsburgh. October 21, 1831.

RIFLE BARRELS.

BAYERS'S Superior Rifle Barrels constantly kept for sale by
S. P. DARLINGTON & Co.
Oct. 21, 1831.—6m

LOTS near the City For Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for sale a number of Lots, valued at from $80 to $200, situated on the public road leading from the end of Fourth street to the two mile run. The lots are pleasantly situated opposite the residence of William Price. A plan may be seen by calling at my office, No. 60 Fourth street. C. DARRAGH.
Pittsburgh, Oct. 21.—1mo

To owners of Real Estate.

☞CASH IN MARKET.☜

NEWS just received from New York and Philadelphia from our agents, stating that innumerable applications have been recorded in the books of their offices, by capitalists, emigrants, and foreigners. For the purchase of uncultivated lands, farms, building lots, improved town lots, tavern stands, manufactories in operation, or other property that will warrant safe and profitable investments, located in flourishing parts of the western country: Pennsylvania, Ohio, Kentucky, Illinois, &c. Therefore, those who wish to decline business will, through the medium of the subscribers, be enabled to procure cash purchasers, and valuable tenants: all who wish to sell or trade, will do well to apply forthwith at the office, or send in written communications, (post paid,) addressed EVERETT & Co., of the land, loan, agency, commission, information, and general directory office, No. 63, Fourth street, between Market and Wood streets, near the Bank.

N. B. Wanted twenty-five well improved farms, adjoining or near each other, pleasantly situated, located in the western part of Pennsylvania or Ohio. Apply as above.
Pittsburgh. October 21, 1831.

COOK'S REGISTER *and Lottery and Exchange Telegraph* is published semi-monthly, at one dollar per annum.

Contents—Bank Note Table of the Rates of Exchange at Pittsburgh; a copious description of the altered and counterfeit Bank Notes that are in circulation in the west; a list of Broken Banks; prices of Gold, Stocks, &c. Subscriptions received at GEORGE A. COOK'S Lottery and Exchange Office, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh.
October 21, 1831.—tf

HOLDERS of Sovereigns, Guineas, and every description of GOLD, can obtain the very highest prices, by applying at this office.—Every description of paper discounted at reduced rates. GEORGE A COOK,
Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh. October 21, 1831.—tf.

Bank of Pittsburgh, *October* 17, 1831.
AN Election for thirteen Directors of this institution, will be held at the Banking House, on Monday, the 21st day of November next, to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M.
ALEX. JOHNSTON, Jr.
October 21, 1831.—3t *Cashier.*

JOURNAL of the FRANKLIN INSTITUTE.
Vol. VIII.—No. III.

CONTENTS.—Peale on the Height of Water in Boilers. *Franklin Institute:* Report of the Committee on Water Power (continued:) J. Shaw's Examination of a paper signed "Justice;" Sullivan on Oiling Railway Carriages.—*Franklin Institute:* Monthly meeting; Report on Smith's Revolving Timber Plane. *American Patents:* List of Patents for April, with Remarks by the Editor; May. *Specifications:* For Dressing Woollen Cloth, Cook's; For Propelling Vessels, Girand's; For Preparing Plates for Engraving, &c. Stone's; For Supplying Apparatus for Engine Boilers, Curtis'; For Improvement in Medicine, Baker's; For a Self-generating Gas Lamp, Andrews'; Remarks by the Editor; For Blowing Machinery, Strobel's; For Concentrating Sirop by Steam, Strobel's; For a Composition for Beer, Hind's; For a Machine for Cutting Grass and Grain, Manning's. *English Patents:* For Smelting and Making Iron, Batfield's; For Improvements in Lamps, Smethurst's; For Extracting Sugar or Sirop from Cane Juice, Derosne's; For Improvements in Piano Fortes, Gunther's; For Improvements in Sails for Ships, Brooking's; For Evaporating Fluids, Budworth & Fawcett's; Nature and Properties of the Sugar Cane (concluded;) Remarks on Lotteries; On Madder, Woad, and Barilla; Experiments on Braithwaite & Ericson's New Low Pressure Boiler; Oil for Chronometers. *Bibliographical Notices:* Discourse and Lectures before the American Institute of Instruction; The Working Men's Companion, Part I; The American Library of Useful Knowledge; New Conversations on Chemistry; Meteorological Observations for August.

☞Subscriptions received by HOGAN & CO. No. 73 Wood street. Oct. 21.

LIBRARY OF SELECT NOVELS.—*Philip Augustus;* or the Brothers in Arms: by the Author of 'Pelham,' 'Darnley,' 'De Lorme,' &c. In two volumes. Just received and for sale by HOGAN & Co., No. 73 Wood street.
October 18, 1831.—2t

THE TOKEN, FOR 1832.

JUST received and for sale by HOGAN & Co., No. 73 Wood street, *The Token for* 1832, embellished with twenty Splendid Engravings. October 18.—3t

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing between Peter Eichbaum, Isaac Hall, Geo. R. Eichbaum, and Wm. P. Eichbaum, under the firm of Eichbaum, Hall & Co., was dissolved by mutual consent on the 12th inst. The business will be hereafter transacted by Peter Eichbaum, Geo. R. Eichbaum, and Wm. P. Eichbaum, under the style and firm of Eichbaum & Co. All persons indebted to Eichbaum, Hall & Co. will pay to Geo. R. Eichbaum, and those having claims against said firm will present them to him for settlement.
PETER EICHBAUM,
ISAAC HALL,
G. R. EICHBAUM,
W. P. EICHBAUM.
October 18—3t.

FOR SALE, a valuable property, situate on the northwest corner of Front and Ferry streets, and now in the tenure of Robert Warden and Philip R. Kincaid. Any person desirous of purchasing, will please apply to the subscriber, who resides immediately opposite said premises.
JOHN FINNEY.
Pittsburgh, October 14, 1831.—5t*

Machine Card Factory.

GEORGE FABER & SONS respectfully inform the public, that they have now in operation, at their factory, No. 116 Wood street, a number of Sticking Machines, which will enable them to supply with promptitude, to any extent, orders for CARDS, from No. 28 to 33, and to any length, from 12 to 30 inches. Also, FILLETING from one to two inches. ☞Cotton and Woollen manufacturers, and carding machine builders, will be accommodated, on reasonable terms, with a very superior quality, equal to any manufactured in the United States. Orders thankfully received.

☞The following papers will insert the above advertisement, weekly, four months, and charge this office:—Steubenville Herald, Chilicothe Gazette, Wheeling Gazette, Cincinnati Gazette, Columbus Journal, and the paper at Warren.
Pittsburgh, Feb. 1—wtf

To Southern and Western Merchants, and others.

SITUATION WANTED.—A young man who possesses a liberal education, has lived in several large cities in the U. States and Canada, an American by birth, writes a neat, legible and expeditious hand, and who has a general idea and knowledge of business, wants a situation in any respectable capacity; will go to any part of the Union, and engage for one or more years; would engage as clerk in any mercantile, manufacturing, or other respectable house; would act as clerk or manager on a plantation, railroad or canal; would accept of a berth as bar-keeper in any respectable hotel in the south or west.—Communications on the subject, addressed to Post Office Box 79, (post paid) Pittsburgh, will be duly attended to.

N. B. The advertiser would not like to take the management of an extensive set of books.

P. S. Compensation not so much an object as employment and prosperous and permanent situation. Pittsburgh, Oct. 21, 1831.

FOR SALE,

A COMPLETE IRON FOUNDRY, *with all the machinery, tools, &c.,* for steam engine building, a large assortment of *patterns, two brass furnaces, two saw-mills,* three smithshops, two pattern maker's shops, and lots and houses for six families. The situation is in the interior of Pennsylvania, pleasantly situated on the banks of a large navigable river, and near the Pennsylvania canal. The custom now enjoyed by the establishment is very good. Several approved steam engines have been built at it, and the prospect is flattering that a very lucrative business can be done in the steam engine line. The saw-mills have more calls for lumber than can be met, and the navigation to tide is seldom interrupted, if an overplus of lumber would be on hand.

The proprietors not being sufficiently acquainted with steam engine building, induces them to offer the *whole* for sale, or will dispose of the *one half* to a person who is *thoroughly* acquainted with that business. None need however apply for a part of the establishment, unless his recommendations are acceptable to the present proprietors.

For terms apply at the office of the "Pittsburgh Gazette." Oct 4—w3

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.

260 ACRES of excellent LAND, (late the estate of Anthony Rollins, dec.) situate in Versailles township, Allegheny county, about one mile from Stewartsville, are offered for for sale. The improvements are, a shingle roofed log house and double barn and other out buildings, with a suitable portion of the land cleared, and in a high state of cultivation. On the premises are two valuable Sugar Camps. Possession may be had on the first day of April next. An indisputable title will be given. Daniel M'Caully, who lives on the place, will show the premises. For further particulars inquire of the subscriber, near M'Grew's mill, in North Huntingdon township, Westmoreland county, who is authorized to sell said property.
SAMUEL M'GREW.
July 19, 1831—3mow$3

FOR SALE,

THE STEAM BOAT ALLEGHENY, as she now lies at the foot of Ferry street.—She is of the very lightest draught of water; has a powerful double engine; and is well found in furniture, tackle, &c. To close a concern, she will be sold low. For terms apply to
WM. D. HARRIS & CO.
Oct. 14—3 81 Liberty street.

REGISTER'S OFFICE, }
Sept. 25th, 1831. }

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, to all legatees, creditors, and all other persons concerned, that the undernamed administrators have filed their accounts in the Register's Office for the county of Allegheny, and that the same will be presented to the Orphan's Court, for confirmation and allowance, *on Monday, the* 31st *of October,* 1831.

Thomas Johnston and *James M'Vickar,* administrators of the estate of James Hindman, late of Bayardstown, deceased.

Joseph B. Waddell, administrator of the estate of Elizabeth Waddell, late of Elizabeth township, deceased.
JOHN M. SNOWDEN, Register.
September 30—w4t

SHOES! SHOES!!

PATRICK NICHOLSON,
Wholesale and Retail Boot and Shoe Store, No. 72 Market Street,

HAS just received from Boston and Philadelphia, complete assortments of Boots and Shoes, consisting of all kinds and qualities, at the most reduced prices possible, at wholesale and retail.—From his experience in the Shoe Business, he flatters himself that his assortment is amply complete, having selected the entire stock himself: he therefore invites his old customers to renew their dealings with him—he will be thankful for all favors.

P. N. will manufacture Boots and Shoes for customers as formerly. All his work will be warranted. October 14, 1831.—3mwi.

The Steubenville Herald will please publish the above three times, and charge this office.

FOR SALE,

A Valuable Farm, on the Bank of the Ohio River.

WILL be sold, at public sale, *without reserve,* on Tuesday, the first day of November next, at 10 o'clock, on the premises, that Valuable Farm, No. 126 Braden's District, on the Beaver Road, 12 miles from Pittsburgh, containing 232 acres, of which about 100 are cleared and under good cultivation: the land not cleared is well timbered.—There are on the place several good springs of never failing water, and a good steam boat landing. The improvements are a good square log house and barn, and two good orchards.

An indisputable title will be given, and terms, which will be easy, made known at the sale.
ADDY BEER, }
ROBERT BEER, } *Adm'rs.*
August 16, 1831.—wts.

NOTICE.—All persons are hereby cautioned against harboring or concealing SARAH HARPER, my indented servant, a colored girl, about the age of twenty years, who absconded from my service on the 2d inst.
HENRY HOLDSHIP.
October 18.—3t

IN addition to the usual attractions of the Pennsylvania Museum, a SPLENDID COSMORAMA has just been fitted up, containing Views of various Cities, Public Buildings, &c. in Europe and America. Oct 4

BLACK LEAD CRUCIBLES.—One hhd. just received, and will be sold low. Also, a superior quality of BLACK LEAD, in lumps and in powder, by the barrel or smaller quantity.
B. A. FAHNESTOCK,
Oct 4—w3 Corner of Sixth and Wood streets

FLAX-SEED.

THE highest price will be paid, at all times, for FLAX-SEED, delivered at our Oil-Mill, in Bayardstown, or at our warehouse, No. 84 Front street, Pittsburgh.
M'KEE, CLARKE & CO.
August 26, 1831—w2mo

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE

231 ACRES OF FIRST RATE UPLAND, lying on the old road from Pittsburgh to Washington. There is about 120 acres of cleared land, in good repair. The contemplated railroad passes through the improvements. Any person wishing to purchase a good farm will do well to examine for themselves. For terms apply to the subscriber, near Williamsport, Washington county, Pa.
JOHN M'FARLANE.
September 20—iw3mo

LANDS FOR SALE.

SEVERAL tracts and parts of tracts of Land, improved and unimproved, in Allegheny and Beaver counties. For further information, apply to the subscriber, living on the Sewickly Bottom, Beaver road. DAVID SHIELDS.
May 13, 1831—6mF

WHOLESALE
CHINA, GLASS
AND
EARTHENWARE HOUSES.

THE subscribers offer a large and well selected stock, of all kinds and the latest patterns of goods in their line, imported direct from the English and French Potteries, by the way of New Orleans. They with confidence, therefore, invite all western merchants from the states of Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee, Indiana, Illinois, and Missouri, who have been in the habit of getting their ware from the eastern cities, (over the mountains) to call and examine for themselves.

Their terms are, to pack to order at Philadelphia prices, with an addition of 1½ cents per pound carriage, cash.—Credit arrangements can be made from three to twelve months. From their experience in the trade, they feel competent and pledge themselves to do every thing in their power to give satisfaction. All ware packed at their establishments will be insured, with proper handling, to open sound, for one per cent.

THOMAS G. GAYLORD,
Pittsburgh, Pa.
H. H. GAYLORD & Co.
Wheeling, Va.

February 12, 1830.—tf

DOMESTIC CLOTH HALL,
No. 72 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.
HAMILTON STEWART,
MANUFACTURER OF
Linen and Cotton Goods,

WHICH he offers for sale at eastern manufacturers' prices, without any addition of carriage, at 3, 4, or 6 months acceptances.

N. B.—Five per cent. discount on all orders exceeding $100. March 19—tf.

WATERS' Improved Cast steel Axes;
do. do. Waldren Corn and Grass Scythes;
Waters' Improved Steel Spades and Shovels;
do. do. do. Hoes;
do. Picks, Broad Axes, Hatchets, Hay and Manure Forks; constantly on hand and for sale by
July 26, 1831—tf. LITTLE & HAYS.

WILLIAMSON'S EXCHANGE
PITTSBURGH.

THIS new and extensive Hotel, believed to be one of the best in the United States, is now open for the accommodation of the public.—The advertiser, well known as the conductor of a public house in the cities of Baltimore and Washington, takes this method of informing those who have heretofore patronized him, and travelers generally, that his entire efforts shall be directed to the comfort, ease, and quietude of all who may favor him with their custom. He appeals to his old friends for a "passing word" to strangers who may have occasion to visit Pittsburgh, pledging himself that nothing shall be wanting, on his part, to make their sojourn as agreeable as possible. Charges will be much the same as in the other respectable Hotels. The best servants from the Atlantic cities will be immediately engaged. The proprietor respectfully invites a call. Dec. 24.—tf.

ALLEGHENY LOTS.

FOR SALE, a number of LOTS, fronting on the Broad Common in the rear of the town of Allegheny. These Lots afford the most desirable seats for country residences of any now offered for sale. The terms will be extremely favorable. A credit of from one to five years will be given to purchasers. A plan of the Lots is left at the office of Discount and Deposit and at the bank of Pittsburgh, for the inspection of purchasers.

W. Robinson, Jr.
Aug. 25, 1826.—tf. *Allegheny Town*

WOOL—The highest price will be given for clean washed common wool, by
RIDDLE, FORSYTH & CO.
May 10—tf

JOHN S. BRIDGES,
Confectioner & Fruiterer,
No. 139 Market Street, Baltimore,

MANUFACTURES and sells Confectionery at Wholesale, *at eighteen cents per pound.* All orders, post paid, enclosing the Cash, will meet with immediate attention. He likewise keeps constantly on hand, a large and well selected stock of Fruits of all the different kinds, Foreign and Domestic. Florence Sweet-meats, East India Preserved Ginger, Fire Crackers, Cordials, Syrups, &c. Baltimore, Oct. 18, 1831.—3t

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FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY of Hartford, Connecticut—incorporated by the State of Connecticut—will make insurance against the dangers of Inland Navigation; on Steam, Keel, and Flat Boats, together with their cargoes, as well as on property in ships, on the high seas. Also, against fire, on every description of Buildings, and on Merchandise, Furniture, and Machinery contained therein.

Their terms will be as favorable as those of any other company in the United States; and all claims upon them will be promptly and liberally adjusted.

WM. W. ELLSWORTH, *President.*
THOS. C. PERKINS, *Secretary.*

☞ The subscriber, having been appointed Surveyor for this city and vicinity, will make surveys of any of the above specified risks, and forward them to the General Agency at Cincinnati, where the Policies will be executed.

MOSES ATWOOD,
Corner of Wood and Front streets.
Pittsburgh, 14th Oct. 1831.—1y

MUSIC.

A splendid assortment of Piano Fortes at
PETERS' MUSICAL REPOSITORY,
NO. 9 FIFTH STREET,
BETWEEN WOOD AND MARKET ST'TS.

THE subscriber has just received, and offers for sale, a splendid assortment of PIANO FORTES, from the manufactories of R. & W. Nunns and Loud & Brothers, consisting of Upright, Square, Round Cornered, and Unichord Piano Fortes. Also, an extensive assortment of Flutes, Clarionets, Violins, Violoncellos, Bassoons, Guitars, Horns, Trumpets, Trombones, &c. &c. together with every article in the musical line.

The above Instruments have all been *selected* by the *subscriber*, and are confidently offered as being superior in beauty, durability, tone, and equality of touch, to any before offered in this market.

N. B.—Old Pianos taken in exchange for new ones. W. C. PETERS.
October 4, 1831—tf

TAKE NOTICE, THAT ISAAC HARRIS, of the city of Pittsburgh, Merchant, has this day made an assignment of all his estate, real and personal, to the subscribers, in trust for the benefit of his creditors, on the terms and conditions therein stated. Persons interested may see the assignment by calling on either of the subscribers. All persons indebted to said Harris are requested to make immediate payment to John Graham, hatter, Diamond, one of the assignees. All accounts and notes unpaid on the 15th November next, will be handed to proper officers for collection.—Pittsburgh, September 22d, 1831.

JOHN GRAHAM,
C. CURTIS,
E. TROVILLO.
Sept. 27, 1831.—tf. Assignees.

Edgeworth Ladies' Boarding School,
BRADDOCKSFIED, NEAR PITTSBURGH,
Will recommence its engagements on the first Monday of October next.

THE increased and increasing approbation given to this institution cannot fail to produce a corresponding zeal and energy, and a desire to secure a settled good opinion. At this time very many additions have been made, for the convenience, comfort, and well doing of the pupils.—In so large a field as is open for education, understood in its true and extensive sense, there must be room for continual culture. Unabated will be the effort to do the utmost possible to meet so responsible a charge as the care of youth, and to this effort will be added the aid experience brings.—With little observation, in every succeeding month, somewhat is seen to revise and improve.

Edgeworth Seminary has been now of several years standing, and, disclaiming all egotism, it is only the fact to say that experience enables it to offer rather an increase than a diminution of means to give satisfaction.

The health enjoyed by the inmates, and beauty of situation of Braddocksfield Mansion, are well known to visiters, but for information of strangers, it is necessary to state, that in both particulars terms too flattering cannot easily be used.

To instruct, coercive means are not employed—reference is made to the heart as well as the head. Pains are taken to inculcate, that to be great, it is an indispensable to be virtuous; and as the worth of knowledge is only to be estimated by its tendency to right action, the study of every branch, and the proportion of time given to it, will be made subservient and tributary to useful moral and religious improvement.

Sabbath day engagements must not be interrupted unnecessarily. Pupils living at a distance, or from any cause, disposed to make Braddocksfield, during the vacation, their home, are invited to do so, and no additional charge is made.

TERMS.

Admission, Tuition in English branches, viz:—Reading, Writing, Grammar, Composition, Arithmetic, Geography, and Astronomy, with use of Globes, Natural Philosophy, Chemistry, and History; also Plain and Ornamental Needle Work, - - *per annum,*	$130
Tuition in Music, - - - -	40
Drawing, Pencil, Crayon, and Water Colors, -	24
Oil Painting, - - -	40
French, - - - -	20

Pupils engaging in all the studies, the total charge does exceed two hundred dollars a year.—Payment three months in advance.

M. OLVER.
September 13, 1831.

CALDWELL & ERNEST,
Commission and Forwarding Merchants,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
THOS. L. CALDWELL,
Sept 13—2mo FREDERIC B. ERNEST.

COCHRAN & IRWIN have Removed to Nos. 108 and 110 Second street, near Wood street, adjoining Wetmore & Haven's Queensware store, and J. Park's grocery, where they will be constantly supplied with

Writing, Wrapping and Printing Paper;
Broadcloths, Cassinets, and Jeans;
Plaids, Checks, Tickings;
Brown Sheetings and Cotton Yarn;
Also, Cotton and Union Drillings;
Diaper and Table Linen;
Machine Cards, in sets or in pieces, to order;
(Factories supplied on the shortest notice.)
Wood Screws and Tacks, at eastern prices;
Blanchard's cast steel Corn and Grass Scythes;
Thompson's and Nelson's Sickles;
Lamont's Patent Vices;
Plated Ware for Saddlers;
Window Glass and Hollow Glass, all sizes;
White and Red Lead; Nails; Iron;
And a general assort't of *American Manufactures;*
10 hhds. Leaf Tobacco,
40 bales Cotton, prime quality,
20 hhds. Sugar,
50 bbls. Mackerel, Nos. 1 and 2, for sale as above. April 15—tf

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THE subscribers have entered into partnership for the purpose of carrying on the Foundry and Steam Engine Business, under the firm of
M'CLURG & PRATT.
They beg leave to inform their friends and the public generally, that their Foundry is now in complete operation, immediately above the aqueduct, on the Allegheny river, where they are prepared to execute orders for Castings of every description, in the best manner and with the greatest possible punctuality. Their steam mill, for boring, turning, or grinding heavy castings, is also in operation, and shops for making STEAM ENGINES of any required power, and SUGAR MILLS and machinery of every description.

They feel assured that from their knowledge of the business, in all its branches, their attention and punctuality, they will continue to receive a share of public patronage.

ALEX. M'CLURG,
FRANCIS PRATT.
December 7, 1830—1y

DOCTOR ROBERT'S
☞ *WELCH MEDICAMENTUM* ☜

FOR the cure of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Cholic, Fever and Ague, Dysentery, Headach, Loss of Appetite, Flatulence, Hypochondria, Hysterics, Dropsical Complaints, and Heartburn. It also prevents all Bilious disorders, and removes habitual Costiveness, Asthma, Strangury, Gravel, Rheumatism, Gout, and Impurities of the Blood.

A person who uses this Medicamentum will not require the use of the lancet, or any means of the healing art. It restores and revives the animal spirits, invigorates the system, removes nervous tremors, obtunds rheumatic and anthritic pains, and prevents their return. It cleanses the stomach of all morbid humors, which cause indigestion, acidities, headach, and lowness of spirits; cures all bilious disorders, and all cholics of the stomach and bowels, almost immediately; inspires cheerfulness; gives comfort to the dropsical; takes away palpitation of the heart; gives circulation to the blood; restores bloom to the sallow or sickly cheek, and plumpness to the meagre habit; purges without pain, and banishes all cause of fever of every kind. It acts on the stomach, that great reservoir of the human system, a diseased state of which causes all diseases. No alteration in the usual habits of life is required, but the abstaining from distilled ardent spirits.

CERTIFICATE,
From Rev. Derick Lansing, D. D., Pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church in Utica.
UTICA, Jan. 6, 1830.

To Dr. Hitchcock.—Dear Sir: I have always been one of the number of those who have placed little confidence in *nostrums* or *specifics*, and for this reason, although I saw your advertisement of the Welch Medicamentum, I could not bring my mind to consent to use it. My sufferings, from indigestion, during the past summer, were so severe, as materially to affect my comfort, and my capacity for usefulness. I have reason to thank you, sir, that, on hearing of the state of my health, you kindly sent me your Medicamentum. I have taken it faithfully, and with entire success. I have not been visited with one of those turns of distress, which before were weekly periodical, since I began to take your valuable medicine. Could I receive the same relief which I have hitherto experienced, on condition of taking it for life, I should cheerfully comply with such condition. Your's, very truly, D. C. LANSING.

☞ Sold by THOMPSON & MILLER, at their Drug Warehouse, No. 81 Wood street, Pittsburgh. Nov. 26—tf.

MICHIGAN, URBANA, AND SCIOTO BANK NOTES, are received at three per cent discount. *Wanted,* Georgia, North and South Carolina Money. Also, Sovereigns, Guineas, Doubloons, &c. GEORGE A. COOK,
Lottery & Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood street.
September 20

HOLDERS OF NOTES on the Westmoreland Bank of Greensburgh, will find it to their advantage to call at this office. The highest price will be paid for this paper, if presented immediately. GEORGE A COOK,
Lottery and Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood str't.
August 30, 1831

TO CARPENTERS.—A fresh supply of "Union Factory" BENCH & MOULDING PLANES; together with Jones' Patent Self Regulating Sash Planes; Patent Ploughs, and Spear's 30 inch London Spring Steel Tipping Saws; and a large supply of Cam's Edge Tools: just received by LOGAN & KENNEDY,
Aug 30 66 Wood street, Pittsburgh

ARTIFICIAL FIREWORKS!
At the Pennsylvania Museum, S. W. Corner of Market and Fourth streets.

THE public are respectfully informed that a splendid exhibition of ARTIFICIAL FIRE WOKKS, *on principles entirely new,* have been prepared at great labor and expense, and will be exhibited *every evening, at half past eight o'clock,* in the Lecture Room of Lambdin's Pennsylvania Museum, S. W. corner of Market and Fourth st's. This exhibition being produced entirely by illumination, is devoid of the smell, smoke, or other unpleasant and dangerous effects of those of the usual kind. It is believed that the citizens of this city have never had an opportunity of witnessing so splendid an exhibition. Admittance 25 cents.
September 2—tf

Domestic Woollen Goods.

CLOTHS, CASSINETTS, AND FLANNELS, of various colors and qualities: Just received from the manufactures, and for sale by the piece or package, on accommodating terms, by
COCHRAN & IRWIN.

ALSO, COTTON GOODS, viz:—Tickings, Plaids, Checks, and an assortment of Cotton Yarn. September 9.

CIRCULAR.—The subscribers beg leave to inform their friends and the public generally, that they have associated together for the purpose of transacting a general FORWARDING AND COMMISSION BUSINESS, under the firm of
LITTLE & HAYS,
and have taken that commodious brick warehouse, Nos. 3 & 5 Market st't, where they are prepared to receive any consignments directed to their care. As they neither have nor intend having any interest or agency in any boats, correspondents may depend on having their goods forwarded without delay, unless otherwise directed.

They will be constantly supplied with a general assortment of *Pittsburgh Manufactured Articles,* which will be furnished at manufacturers' prices. Orders and Consignments thankfully received and punctually attended to.

WILLIAM LITTLE,
ROBERT S. HAYS.
Pittsburgh, June 10, 1831—tf

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50 BOXES EASTERN CUT TACKS, received on consignment, and for sale at manufacturers' prices, by
COCHRAN & IRWIN,
June 17 Nos. 108 and 110 Second street.

FOR SALE.

A NUMBER of valuable BUILDING LOTS in the vicinity of this city, part of the estate of Dr. George Stevenson, late of Wilmington, (Del.) deceased. For terms apply to the subscribers.

W. M'KNIGHT,
HARMAR DENNY,
J. SNYDER,
Pittsburgh, Nov. 3, 1829—tf. *Executors.*

LAW NOTICE.

GEORGE SELDEN has removed his office to No. 18 in the Diamond, next door to Alderman Lowrie; where, having no other pursuit to which his attention is directed, he devotes himself exclusively to the profession of the law. Jan 7

FINDLAY & MADEIRA

HAVE REMOVED their Wholesale and Retail Drug Store, to the corner of Front and Market streets. Jan 21—tf

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TO BE LET

THAT well finished THREE STORY BRICK HOUSE, at the corner of Grant and Second streets, now occupied by Mr. James Gray. Apply to D. S. SCULLY, Esq. or HARMAR DENNY.

ALSO, The Three Story Brick House adjoining, now occupied by J. & D. Moore. Immediate possession to be given. Apply, in the absence of Wm. Croghan, Esq., to D. S. SCULLY, at his office, in the Diamond. April 8—tf

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TO THE AFFLICTED.

DR. J. SUMNER, having discovered an infallible cure for different species of *HERNIA or RUPTURE,* by an external application of ointment, without inconvenience to the patient; which ointment, prepared only by himself, he now offers for sale to all who are afflicted with the above complaint, being confident of success from the many proofs he has had of its efficacy—likewise, he considers it a duty to give to the public a fair statement of his own case.

For fifteen years he was sorely afflicted with two Ruptures, the pains of which were so severe, that he was compelled to relinquish all active business, wearing a Truss, and keeping himself a long period mostly confined, and had nearly gave up all hope of ever enjoying a comfortable state of health.—In this dilemma he was forcibly struck with the old adage, that there never was an evil without a remedy, and forthwith commenced a series of experiments upon himself, which through Divine Providence resulted in a complete and radical cure. JOHN SUMNER,
No. 139 North Third Street, Philadelphia.

This may certify, That my Son, aged thirteen years, was afflicted with a Rupture for three years, and was under the necessity of wearing the Truss constantly, but without any other effect than a temporary relief, and was effectually cured by Dr. J. Sumner in about three weeks time.

JOHN C. DOUGLAS,
No. 131 South Eleventh street, Philadelphia.

This may Certify, That I have been afflicted with a Rupture for between four and five years, and have been effectually cured by Doctor J. Sumner, in about five weeks time.

JOHN VASEY,
Corner of York Road and Coates street, Philada.

I Certify, That I was afflicted with a Rupture for four years, and was effectually cured by the application of Dr. Sumner's OINTMENT, in the term of four weeks. E. WILSON.

I Certify, That my Son David, was effectually cured of a Rupture in three weeks time, of twelve years standing, by making use of Dr. Sumner's OINTMENT. D. COX.

The above Certificates are deemed sufficient, and many others might be obtained, and many references can be given.

☞ FINDLAY & MADEIRA are Agents for the above Medicine, corner of Market and Front streets, Pittsburgh.
March 29, 1831.—w1mo&mtf.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN. That the Notes, Book Accounts, and all other property of Robert Patterson and J. H Lambdin, late Stationers and Paper Manufacturers, trading under the firm of R. Patterson & Lambdin, have been assigned to the subscribers this day, for the benefit of creditors.

HENRY HOLDSHIP,
C. ANSHUTZ,
MARTIN RAHM.
Pittsburgh, Sept. 22, 1823—tf

PATENT PLANING MACHINE.—The right to use this valuable machine, invented and patented by William Woodworth, and known as Woodworth's Patent Planing Machine, may be obtained on application to the subscriber for the counties of Allegheny, Butler, Beaver, Washington, Green, Fayette, Somerset, Cambria, Indiana, Jefferson, Clearfield, M'Kean, Warren, Venango, Mercer, Crawford, and Erie, in the State of Pennsylvania. That part of Maryland lying west of the Blue Ridge; all that part of Virginia lying west of the Blue Ridge, except the county of Ohio. The whole of the state of Ohio except the counties of Hamilton, Butler, and Montgomery. The whole of the state of Kentucky, except the counties of Jefferson, Boone, Oldham, Gallatin, and Campbell. The whole of Indiana, except the counties of Floyd, Clark, Jefferson, Dearborn, and Switzerland. The whole of the state of Illinois, and the territory of Michigan. Rights to use the machine in that part of the United States, named above, will be sold by the single county or in larger districts. As it is presumed that no one will purchase without seeing the machine at work, a description of it is deemed unnecessary. Should any person, however, wish to purchase, and find it inconvenient to visit the places where it is in operation, a machine will be furnished, warranted to plane, tongue and groove, and bring to an exact width and thickness, a white pine board of 12 feet long, and of any width from 1 to 14 inches, in one minute and ten seconds, or an oak board of the same dimensions in 2 minutes and 10 seconds. Machines may be seen at work in the cities of New Orleans, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, and others at the south and east, at Wheeling, Virginia, and at the saw mill of Messrs. Irwin & Herron, in this city.

Persons desiring to purchase will have the certificates of scientific and practical men who have seen it at work, in the different places in which it has been put up, forwarded to them. They give their opinion as to the great value of the invention, state the time they have seen boards dressed by this machine, and describe the quality of the work as compared with that performed by hand labor.

LEONARD CHESTER,
Acting for the Proprietor.
Pittsburgh Hotel, April 19, 1831.

NOTICE.—*John Hannen* has taken his son-in law, *John E. Park,* into partnership with him in the Drug business, and in the manufacturing of white lead; and all their transactions will be done under the firm of JOHN HANNEN & CO. All persons indebted to John Hannen, are required to make payment without delay.
January 21.

LYNCH & BUTTERWORTH,
Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,
Corner of Fourth and Wood Streets,
PITTSBURGH.

PUBLIC SALES of Groceries, and Furniture every Tuesday and Friday, at 10 o'clock, A. M., and of Dry Goods and Hardware, Fancy Cutlery, Jewelry, &c. every evening, at 7 o'clock, P. M. Liberal advances made on consignments.
April 5—tf.

NOTICE.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the firm of *Towne & Gazzam,* is this day dissolved by mutual consent; those indebted are requested to make payment to A. H. Gazzam, who is authorised to settle the business of the firm, and those having claims will present the same to him for adjustment and payment.

JOHN TOWNE.
Mobile, May 15, 1831. [June 3.—tf.]

TARIFF FOUNDRY,
AND
STEAM ENGINE MANUFACTORY,
Fronting on First and Water streets, immediately below the Monongahela Bridge.

THE SUBSCRIBERS respectfully inform their friends and the public that they have added to their Steam Engine Manufactory AN AIR FOUNDRY, and are now ready to execute all kinds of Castings, with promptness and in in the best manner. Grateful for past favors in the Steam Engine business, they respectfully solicit a continuance of them, and pledge the public that no efforts shall be wanting to give satisfaction.

J. F. & E. GREER.
June 28—1y

NEW JUVENILE READER.

THE Infant School Reader; consisting of words of one sound, with 150 Spelling Lessons of words of one syllable; the meanings of which are also well explained by words of one syllable. By W. Ballantine—embellished with numerous wood cuts.—"It needs all we know to make things plain."

N. B.—Teachers and parents are particularly requested to examine the above little work, as it is one so well adapted to the instruction of youth. Just published and for sale by JOHN I. KAY & Co., Book-sellers, 51 Market street. June 14.—tf

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SYLVESTER'S
Lottery & Exchange Office
NEXT DOOR TO THE EXCHANGE, PITTSBURGH.

S. J. SYLVESTER, of New York, has opened an Office as above, for the sale of Lottery Tickets, and transacting all business connected with the Exchange of Notes, Purchasing of Gold, &c. Adventurers in lotteries are requested to make a trial at the new office. They may rely on being served faithfully, punctually, and attentively. The name of Sylvester is well known in connexion with the selling of prizes. There are hundreds of persons in the United States who have been made independent by their purchases from the Sylvesters in Philadelphia and New York. Prizes sold at this office will be cashed on favorable terms, or the money may be had at any of the Managers' offices in the Union.

S. J. S. will continue his office in New York; his brother N. Sylvester will attend at Pittsburgh. Orders by mail are solicited, and shall meet with the utmost punctuality. For the information of those remitting, Sylvester begs to state he has special permission to refer to Messrs. Yates & M'Intyre.

☞ A semi-monthly paper will be issued from this office containing the drawn numbers of past, and schemes of the ensuing lotteries, a bank note list, counterfeit detecter, and general information. This paper will be sent *gratis* to all who deal with the proprietors.

Exchange buildings, St. Clair street, Pittsburgh.

☞ The schemes now before the public are unusually splendid. Sylvester will keep tickets in all authorised lotteries, and in great variety. When one or more tickets are ordered, postage *need not be paid.* August 2,—tf.

BARTRAM'S Hammered Spades and Shovels, warranted of a superior quality—also, Bartram's Prime Axes, Mattocks, Canal Picks, Hoes, Trace Chains, Log Chains, &c. For sale by H. MAC SHANE,
March 22, 1831.—tf Front street.

BOARDING HOUSE!

EIGHT OR TEN genteel Young Men can be accommodated with BOARDING and LODGING, by applying at No. 110 Market str't.
Aug 30—3m GILBERT M'KOWN.

REFINED SUGAR.

THE subscribers, having been appointed agents for the sale of the above article, can supply merchants and others on the most favorable terms. COCHRAN & IRWIN,
Sept. 9. No. 108 Second street.

NO CURE, NO PAY!

MR. E. H. HALL respectfully informs the public, that he intends opening a School at No. 212 Liberty street, to cure *STAMMERING and other IMPEDIMENTS OF SPEECH.*—Having much experience in the business, he feels confident that he shall be able to please all who place themselves under his instructions: and he assures those who do not receive perfect and complete satisfaction, that they will be charged nothing, and paid all reasonable expenses. Those applying to the above, can receive satisfactory references. June 17—6mo.

This is to certify, that I, the subscriber, of Washington county, Pa. have been afflicted with stammering from my youth, and, after taking instructions from E. H. Hall eight days, I have obtained relief, and feel confident that if proper attention is paid to the rule, it will effect a permanent cure. HUGH M'CANDLESS.
May 10th, 1831.

This is to certify, that I, the subscriber, of Washington county, Pa. have been afflicted with stammering from my youth, and have been under instructions to no avail, before I applied to E. H. Hall, and afterbeing with him 6 days, I have found relief, and think that if proper attention is paid to the rule, it will effect a permanent cure.

JAMES BRIMNER.
May 10th, 1831.

Since I gave the above certificate, I have adhered to the rule strictly, and I do believe that I am perfectly and permanently cured, for I feel no inclination to stammer, nor have I for some time, and I do think if any person will attend to it as they should do, they will get clear of it in a very short time, for I did stammer very much, and now it is all off. JAMES BRIMNER.
June 11, 1831.

Receiving & Forwarding House,
NEW ORLEANS.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he has established himself in NEW ORLEANS, for the purpose of attending exclusively to the Receiving and Forwarding of Merchandise; and feels confident, from his experience in business, and determination of adopting well regulated and moderate charges, of giving satisfaction to those who may entrust their business to his care. WM. BUCHANAN.

Refer to Messrs. Allen & Grant, Riddle, Forsyth & Co., or M'Kee, Clarke & Co. Pittsburgh.
October 26, 1830—tf.

FOR RENT,

THE EAGLE STEAM MILL, for manufacturing Flour.

ALSO,

THE FOUNDRY now occupied by Messrs. Kingsland, Lightner & Co., situate on the Monongahela river and Suke's run. Possession to be had on the 1st of April next.

Apply at the Office of the Bank of the United States. January 11.—tf

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Storage, Forwarding, and Commission
WAREHOUSE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS respectfully inform Merchants, Iron-masters, Salt Manufacturers, and the public in general, that they have commenced the above business, in the new and extensive brick house two doors below the bridge, where they will Receive and Forward GOODS, IRON, SALT, &c. destined for the West by the Pennsylvania Canal, and for the East, by the Northern Turnpike. By strict attention to business, they hope to merit and receive a share of public favors. Charges for Forwarding and Commission will be moderate.

JAMES SPEER,
MARK GRAHAM.
Blairsville, Oct. 27—tf.

FANCY LAMPS,
PLATED CASTERS, &c.

BAKEWELL, PAGE & BAKEWELLS, have just received, direct from the manufactories, and offer for sale, an elegant collection of *Bronze* and *Or Moulu, Astral* and *Mantel Lamps,* from ten to thirty dollars per pair; PLATED CASTERS, with cut and moulded bottles, silver edges and handles, from two to ten dollars per set: together with their usual extensive assortment of *PLAIN, PREST, and CUT GLASS WARE,*
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION;
Cut and Moulded Smelling and Toilet Bottles; Cut, Prest & Plain Bureau Knobs, &c. &c. &c.
Pittsburgh, December 25, 1829—tf.

PITTSBURGH & PHILADELPHIA
CLOTHING STORE.
GEORGE C. MORGAN

HAS REMOVED to No. 102, Wood street, and has furnished his Fashionable Clothing Store with a supply of articles in his line, suitable for the present and approaching seasons, and conforming in style and fashion, to the last eastern patterns. His stock comprises the greatest variety, and has been selected with much care as to the quality of the goods.

☞ Cloths, Vestings, Trimmings, and Fancy Articles, will be disposed of on the most reasonable terms.

☞ Work made to order, on the shortest notice.
Sept. 25.—tf.

THE subscriber wishes to rent the large Three Story Brick Dwelling House and Shop, where he now resides, situated in Liberty, between Market and Wood streets.
March 18.—tf. FELIX BRUNOT.

J. C. BUCKLES,
Commission Merchant,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

IS prepared to Receive, Sell, and Forward every description of GOODS.
December 21, 1827—tf.

New Hardware Store,
NO. 66 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH.
LOGAN & KENNEDY

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have received an additional supply of HARDWARE, for Fall sales, which they offer on the most accommodating terms, to merchants, mechanics, and others, wholesale and retail. Aug 30

NOTICE,
To Country Merchants and others, inclining to purchase Cheap Hardware.

THE SUBSCRIBER, having purchased out the Stock of HARDWARE lately kept by R. H. Gray, corner of Fourth and Market streets, Pittsburgh, offers the same for sale at cost and carriage. He will continue to *buy and sell* articles of domestic manufacture in the Hardware line, at the old stand, No. 59.

JAMES GRAY,
March 11—tf Fourth street.

NEW BOARDING HOUSE.—James Reynolds, from Geneva, in the state of New York, has opened a BOARDING HOUSE, in the commodious and pleasant brick building, at the corner of Ferry and Fourth streets, where a few genteel Boarders will be accommodated.
July 1—tf

JOHNSTON & STOCKTON,
Booksellers, Printers, Book-Binders and Paper Manufacturers.
No. 37, Market Street, Pittsburgh
March 14.—tf.

To Baltimore and Philadelphia
TRAVELLERS.

THE LINE OF STAGES between Chambersburgh and Baltimore, on the Somerset and Mountpleasant route, has been doubled, and now runs DAILY, (Mondays excepted,) leaving Chambersburgh *at day-light* in the morning, and arriving in Baltimore, early the same evening.

Passengers reach Philadelphia, in this way, the second afternoon, from Chambersburgh, without the loss of any rest; taking the splendid STEAM BOAT LINES, which set out at 6 o'clock in the morning, [via CHESAPEAKE AND DELAWARE CANAL, a work well worth the trip to see.]

REESIDE, Owner.

In all cases where the passengers desire to reach Baltimore in time for the 5 o'clock steam-boat to Philadelphia, they can do so by leaving Chambersburgh at one o'clock in the morning, or immediately after the arrival of the Western Mail Stage. In this way, they arrive in Philadelphia, by eight o'clock the *second morning,* from Chambersburgh.

☞ When a load offers, the stage will run on Mondays. April 23, 1830.—tf.

Valuable Property for Sale.

THE Bank of Pittsburgh offers for sale the following valuable property in this city viz:—ALL that piece of ground, situated on Market street, between Front and Second streets, formerly owned by Abner Barker, containing in Front on Market street thirty feet, and extending back: on which are erected one two story brick dwelling house, with other back buildings.

Also, All that piece of ground, situated on Third street, between Market and Wood streets, formerly occupied as the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank, containing in Front on Third street twenty feet, and extending back towards Fourth street eighty-five feet; on which is erected a two story brick building.

Also, Adjoining the above, one other lot, containing twenty feet in front, and extending back eighty-five feet; on which is erected one frame building. Between the two last mentioned buildings an alley will be left for the common use of both.

Also, All that piece of ground situated on the north side of Diamond Alley, between Wood and Smithfield Streets, containing in front on Diamond Alley fifteen feet, and extending back half way to Fifth Street, on which is erected a two story brick dwelling house, with back buildings, now occupied by Copernicus Walters.

Also, That piece of ground, situated on Third street, between Wood street and Hay Scale Alley, containing in front upon Third street about twenty feet, and extending back along said alley about eighty-five feet; on which are erected one two story brick dwelling and back buildings.

Also, The undivided half part of that piece of ground, situated on Wood street, between Front and Second streets, containing in front on Wood street about forty-eight feet, and extending back part sixty and part ninety feet; on which are erected two three story brick dwelling houses and back buildings, now occupied by Charles L. Volz and Willard Leonard.

Also, All that piece of ground, situated on the north side of the Diamond, containing in front on the Diamond about thirty-seven feet, and extending back to Jail alley; on which are erected two two story brick dwelling houses and back buildings, now occupied by Ephraim Pentland, Esq. and Mrs. Gormly.

Also, All that tract of Land, situated on Turtle Creek, commonly called "Dirty Camp."

For terms apply to the CASHIER
January 22, 1830.—tf

PRINTING INK.

JUST received from the Manufactory of *Johnson & Son,* a fresh supply of Book and News Ink, for winter and spring use, in kegs from 13 to 28 pounds.

H. HOLDSHIP & SON.
January 1, 1830.—tf

FOR RENT, A three story brick warehouse and back buildings, lately occupied by B. Gleadall, next to Schweppe & Horner's, Third street, near Market str't. Apply to GEO. COCHRAN, of Rd.
January 18—tf.

FORT PITT GLASS WORKS.—The subscribers respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have the above works in their hands, and will continue the Manufactory of

FLINT GLASS, CUT AND PLAIN,

Of various descriptions and patterns: and have appointed L. & P. PETERSON, (corner of Market and Front Streets,) Agents to dispose of the same—where a general assortment will always be kept on hand. Merchants and others will be furnished on accommodating terms.

All orders left with our agents will be thankfully received and promptly executed.

R. B. CURLING & SONS.
September 18, 1829.—tf.

The American Fire Insurance Co.
OF PHILADELPHIA,

DAILY make Insurance against loss or damage by FIRE, on Houses & Merchandise, Job Bacon, Secretary, No. 101 Chesnut street. Philadelphia. GEO. COCHRAN, Ag't,
Sept. 25—tf *No. 26 Wood street, Pittsburgh.*

SHEARS.

THE subscribers are manufacturing revolving and vibrating SHEAR BLADES, of a superior quality. They will be stamped "F. A. Bemis & Co." and warranted to the purchaser.—A sample can be seen at Messrs. L. & P. Peterson's, on the corner of Market and Front streets, and a constant supply will be kept on hand at the manufactory, No. 24 Water street.

ALSO, will be made to order, SHEARING MACHINES of improved construction: price from $50 to $125. Having in operation machinery expressly for grinding, Shears will be ground with the greatest accuracy, at a short notice.

Nov. 17—tf. F. A. BEMIS & Co.

We the subscribers have purchased and made use of Shears made by F. A. Bemis & Co., Pittsburgh, and consider them superior to any in use in this section of the country.

JOHN M'DOWELL,
DANIEL HICKMAN.
Bridgeville, September 15, 1830.

The undersigned have purchased and made use of broad and narrow Shearing Machines, made by F. A. Bemis & Co., and can recommend them to the public, as superior to any we have before used or seen in operation. R & J. HALL,
Sept. 23. *Manufacturers, near Pittsburgh.*

We the undersigned have in operation a Shearing Machine, and also a set of Blades, made by F. A. Bemis & Co., and feel confident in recommending them to the public, as articles superior in their kind to any we have used or seen in this country. A. & J. MURPHY.
Fleecedale Woollen Manufactory, Sept. 29, 1830.

Pittsburgh Starch Manufactory.

STARCH manufactured at the above establishment, may be had at the store of George Kirkpatrick, No. 8 Diamond Alley, or at either of the following stores—James Park & Co.; Tassey & Church; I. R. Smith & Co.; J. D. Davis, or Gabriel Adams.

ALEX. FERGUSON,
June 18.—tf. GEO. KIRKPATRICK.